

Exam Questions CBAP

Certified business analysis professional (CBAP) application

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NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is using a plan-driven approach to business analysis. What characteristic must be true of changes in the approach that your organization is using?

- A. All the changes only occur if they are less than an agreed factor, such as ten percent of the solution's overall cost or a percentage of the project's schedule
- B. All the changes only occur if they are less than ten percent of the solution's overall cost
- C. All the changes only occur if they are genuinely necessary
- D. Changes are generally not permitted in the plan-driven approach to business analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are completing the manage requirements traceability process. You are tracking the requirements to determine how the requirements are interrelated with one another and with the actual delivery of the project scope.

There are actually three reasons why the business analyst should trace requirements. Which one of the following is not one of the three reasons why trace requirements is useful?

- A. Impact analysis
- B. Requirements coverage
- C. Requirements allocation
- D. Quality control

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- C. Analysis technique
- D. Team roles

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following business analysis planning and monitoring techniques can be used to define and document the business analysis approach?

- A. Process modeling
- B. Structured walkthrough
- C. Decision analysis
- D. Control charts

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are with another business analyst, Steve, on the requirements elicitation for a new solution. You warn Steve that you'll need to be tracing the requirements in an effort to prevent scope creep. What is scope creep?

- A. The scope grows slightly larger as more requirements, often unneeded, are added to the scope
- B. The scope slips on the schedule which in turn delays the project delivery date
- C. Gold plating
- D. The scope shifts from the original intent of the business case

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Topic 1)

Jane is the business analyst for her organization and she is completing passive observation to identify improvement opportunities in the workflow. She notices that some of the employees perform certain customer-facing activities in a different format than the other workers. Is this a problem that can be addressed as part of an improvement opportunity?

- A. It can be a problem as customers could become confused or frustrated because of the different approaches to the work
- B. It is not a problem unless there is a drop in sales so it should be left alone
- C. It can be a problem as the enterprise environmental factors always call for consistency in all processes
- D. It is not a problem unless the customer complains
- E. If Jane has not noticed the customers complaining then the process should be left alone

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Virginia on the allocation of requirements for a new solution. You have assigned Virginia the task of breaking down the solution scope into smaller components for allocation. What technique have you asked Virginia to complete in this scenario?

- A. Decision analysis
- B. Business rules analysis
- C. Process modeling
- D. Functional decomposition

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Topic 1)

All of the following stakeholders participate in the prioritization of requirements except for which one?

- A. Implementation subject matter expert
- B. Project team
- C. Domain subject matter expert
- D. Project manager

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Topic 1)

Which stakeholder must approve the business analysis approach to ensure that the business analysis approach is compatible with the other project activities?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager
- C. Project customer
- D. Change control board

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

What document defines the business needs, identifies key stakeholders, and describes the positive impact the solution will provide on the key stakeholders?

- A. Project charter
- B. Project scope statement
- C. Solution scope
- D. Vision statement

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. On your current project you'll be using the change-driven approach for defining requirements and gathering feedback. Which of the following statements best describes the change-driven approach?

- A. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements through experimentation
- B. The change-driven approach does not define the requirements until after a solution for the problem has been identified
- C. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements standardized template
- D. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements through team interaction

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are completing the verify requirements process. There are eight characteristics each requirements should have: cohesive, complete, consistent, correct, and feasible. Which one of the following four is not a characteristic of a requirement?

- A. Functional
- B. Modifiable
- C. Unambiguous
- D. Testable

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Topic 1)

Sally is the business analyst for her organization. Sally and her business analysis team is currently using a business analysis approach to determine what the competition of her organization is offering prospective clients. She is trying to identify solutions to increase revenue by remaining competitive with the competition. What business analysis approach is Sally and her business analysis team using?

- A. Business rules analysis
- B. Functional decomposition
- C. Focus groups

D. Benchmarking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 23

- (Topic 1)

You have identified a task in your task list that cannot be completed until the inspector for the project signs off on the initial deliverables. The inspector's signoff on the initial deliverables is called what?

- A. Assumption
- B. Dependency
- C. Milestone
- D. Constraint

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 26

- (Topic 1)

You are working with several business analysts to determine the solution approach for an identified problem. All of the following techniques are acceptable for identifying the solution approach except for which one?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Brainstorming

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 31

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a method to store the project requirements including those under development, under review, and the requirements which have been approved. What is management asking you to create?

- A. A change management system
- B. A repository
- C. A project scope statement
- D. A requirements register

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Jennifer to conduct stakeholder analysis. You would like to create a RACI chart to help with the roles of the people involved in the stakeholder analysis process. Jennifer is not familiar with this chart and asks what does RACI mean. Which one of the following best describes the RACI chart in the conduct stakeholder analysis process?

- A. It's a matrix that uses the Responsible, Accountable, Consult, and Inform tasks as part of the stakeholder analysis process
- B. It's a role and responsibility chart that identifies when stakeholders are needed in the business analyst duties
- C. It's a matrix that uses Role, Action, Consult, and Inform as part of the conduct stakeholder analysis process
- D. It's a rule that the business analyst can use to identify all of the needed stakeholders: roles, actions, communications, and interests

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 38

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for a smaller project where there are few requirements. Management would still like you to create a method to trace the few requirements for this project. What type of matrix would be best in this instance?

- A. Roles and responsibility matrix
- B. RACI matrix
- C. Coverage matrix
- D. Requirements trace matrix

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on organizing the identified requirements for a new solution. Nancy, your assistant in this process, says that these requirements aren't very complex. You agree but add that it's this thing that makes the overall solution complex. What thing adds to the level of complexity among requirements?

- A. Relationships among the requirements
- B. Management in the project
- C. Stakeholders in the project
- D. Cost and schedule constraints

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Topic 1)

Fred's organization is using a plan-driven approach for the business analysis deliverables. In this approach how will the requirements be captured?

- A. Fred will use the appropriate documentation at the discretion of the business analysis team .
- B. Fred will use the project management information system
- C. Fred will use whatever business analysis forms are most appropriate
- D. Fred will use standardized template

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 47

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for the NGQ Company. Management is concerned that their company is not able to meet an identified business need with their current existing structure, people, processes and technology. They've asked you to complete an analysis of their organization's ability to meet the identified business need. What business analysis process are you completing for your organization?

- A. Determining the solution approach
- B. Assessing the capability gaps
- C. Requirements elicitation
- D. Verifying the requirements

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 49

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following terms is not a business analysis planning and monitoring approach?

- A. Structured walkthroughs
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Requirements elicitation
- D. Process modeling

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 53

- (Topic 1)

You are creating the solution scope for an identified problem in your organization. You are working with several stakeholders during this process including the domain subject matter expert, the implementation subject matter expert, the project manager, and the sponsor. Which of these stakeholders will be responsible for writing the project scope?

- A. Domain subject matter expert
- B. Business analyst
- C. Project manager
- D. Sponsor

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 54

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following is an example of a non-negotiable demand by a stakeholder during the requirements prioritization session?

- A. All requirements are ranked as high
- B. Communication
- C. All requirements are prioritized by cost-benefits ratio
- D. Cost

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 55

- (Topic 1)

You are completing enterprise analysis. Management has asked you to create a document that will help them create a go/no go decision to invest and more forward with a proposed project. What document does management want you to create?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Project scope
- C. Solution scope
- D. Business case

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 56

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and working with the stakeholders to prioritize the requirements. The stakeholders are concerned about the financial impact of the requirements should some of them fail during the implementation. You would like to rank the risk tolerance of the stakeholders based on their comments about the solution and the requirements. The following are the three categories of risk tolerance associated with the stakeholders except for which

one?

- A. Mitigation
- B. Risk-aversion
- C. Risk-seeking
- D. Neutrality

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management realizes that a proposed solution has risks that may cause the entire project to fail. They would like you to prioritize the requirements with maximum risks first so that if the project fails, there is little loss of capital in the project implementation. What requirements prioritization approach is management asking you to create in this instance?

- A. Implementation difficulty
- B. Business or technical risk
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Relationship to other requirements

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- B. Deliverables
- C. Team roles
- D. Analysis technique

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 68

- (Topic 1)

When is stakeholder analysis performed?

- A. As soon as the project charter is create
- B. As soon as the project sponsor is name
- C. As soon as a business need is identifie
- D. As soon as a business solution is identifie

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 69

- (Topic 1)

You are hosting a collection of stakeholders from across the organization to identify the ideas and attitudes about your company's help desk. You want the stakeholders to honestly share their opinions about the help desk service so you can identify problems, solutions, and take actions to improve the service. What type of requirements elicitation activity is this?

- A. Stakeholder analysis
- B. Focus groups
- C. Workshop
- D. Root cause analysis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Topic 1)

Gary is the business analyst for his organization. He has realized that he has overlooked a key group of stakeholders during the conduct stakeholder analysis process. What is the danger in overlooking a key set of stakeholders?

- A. The newly identified stakeholders will now have to pay for any requirements they want to add to the requirement
- B. The newly identified stakeholders will need to spend extra time to learn about the project and how it will affect the
- C. The newly identified stakeholders will be excluded from decisions that affect the deliverables that have already been created in the project.
- D. The newly identified stakeholders may have requirements that require additions to the project or may nullify other requirements already in the projec

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Topic 1)

What two factors must the business analyst consider when conducting stakeholder analysis?

- A. Politics and influence
- B. Influence and attitude
- C. Attitude and position
- D. Position and politics

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 79

- (Topic 1)

You are working with Terry on the conduct stakeholder analysis task as part of the business analysis duties in your company. Terry wants to know why it's so important to identify stakeholders so early in the business analysis duties. Which one of the following statements best addresses the need to identify the stakeholders early on in the business analysis duties?

- A. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to report t
- B. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to bill for the projec
- C. It's important to identify the stakeholder so the business analyst can help ensure the timely delivery of the requirements deliverable
- D. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the stakeholders know who the business analyst i

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and working with Tim to identify the assumptions within the business solution. Which one of the following is an assumption?

- A. The vendor believes the hardware should arrive by December 1
- B. The software must be compatible with Windows Vista
- C. The software must cost less than \$99 per license
- D. The hardware must costs less than \$450 per uni

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 85

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are in the process of creating the solution approach for a technology problem. Which one of the following definitions best describes the solution approach?

- A. It is the documentation and control of changes to the product scope as approved by the project stakeholder
- B. Defines the general approach that will be taken to create or acquire new capabilities required to meet the business nee
- C. It is an uncertain event or condition that may have a positive or negative impact on the abilities of the chartered projec
- D. Decomposes the project scope into smaller deliverables; each deliverable is subdivided repeatedly until the deliverable cannot or should not be broken down any furthe

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 86

- (Topic 1)

When an organization is using a change-driven approach to business analysis, how are communications managed?

- A. Communications in a change-driven approach to business analysis focus more on the frequency of communicatio
- B. Communications in a change-driven approach typically use face-to-face channel
- C. Communications in a change-driven approach focus more on formal communication
- D. Communications in a change-driven approach are all ad ho

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 91

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approac
- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or servic
- C. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domai
- D. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirement

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing to complete the allocate requirements process. This process assigns stakeholder and solution requirements to solution components and to releases. One of the elements of this process is solution components. All of the following are solution components except for which one?

- A. Assessment of proposed solution
- B. Business processes to be performed and managed
- C. Business policies and business rules
- D. Software applications and application components used in the solution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 97

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on prioritizing the project requirements. Management has asked you to prioritize the requirements based on the cost-benefit analysis for the requirements' value to the organization. What basis for prioritization are you using in this instance?

- A. Business value
- B. Stakeholder agreement
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Urgency

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 98

- (Topic 1)

Rachel is writing the business case for her organization. As she's completing this process Rachel is concerned that she's including all the correct information for management. Which one of the following should Rachel not include in her business case?

- A. Time to break even
- B. Opportunities to prioritize requirements
- C. Follow-on opportunities
- D. Qualitative and quantitative benefits

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 102

- (Topic 2)

As part of the requirements analysis a business analyst can use the same tools and techniques to model the current state of an organization. All of the following are valid reasons why would a business analyst want to create a current state domain model except for which one?

- A. The current state model can help identify opportunities for improvement
- B. The current state model can help validate the solution scope with business and technical stakeholder
- C. The current state model can help the business analyst create Pareto charts for process improvement
- D. The current state model can help assist stakeholders in understanding the current state

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 104

- (Topic 2)

There are just three inputs to the assess proposed solution process. Which of the following is not one of the inputs for the assess proposed solution process?

- A. Decision analysis
- B. Requirements
- C. Assumptions and constraints
- D. Solution options

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 108

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and preparing to complete the requirements elicitation activities. Your manager wants to know when the requirements elicitation process will be completed. Which of the following responses best describes the nature of the requirements elicitation process?

- A. The schedule of the project determines the duration of the requirements elicitation process .
- B. The duration of the requirements elicitation activities is determined by the willingness of the project stakeholders to contribute to the requirements information
- C. The size of the project determines the duration of the requirements elicitation process
- D. Eliciting requirements is not a compartmentalized activity

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 111

- (Topic 2)

You are completing the requirements for vendor selection and need to create a procurement form that will ask the vendor to provide only a price for commercial-off-the-shelf solution. What type of procurement form will you need to provide to the vendor?

- A. Request for proposal
- B. Purchase order
- C. Request for information
- D. Request for quote

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 113

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large software development project. There are several issues that must be resolved by certain dates or the problem will prevent the project from advancing.

What technique can you use to track problems with the requirements?

- A. Problem tracking
- B. Issue tracking
- C. RTM
- D. Baselining

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 118

- (Topic 2)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- C. Analysis technique
- D. Team roles

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 123

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently working with Susan on creating a model as part of the specify and model requirements process. Susan doesn't understand why you need a model. You explain to Susan that a model is just a simplified representation of a complex reality that is useful for understanding that reality and making decisions regarding it. In fact, you tell Susan, model can do all of the following except one option. Choose the option that model cannot do?

- A. Define the resources that will be needed on the project team
- B. Define boundaries for the business domain
- C. Describe a situation or problem
- D. Describe thought processes and action flows

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 125

- (Topic 2)

Which of the following is the best definition of the business rules analysis?

- A. To define the people that govern decisions in and organization and that define, constrain, or enable organizational policies
- B. To define the job functions, roles and responsibilities, and the designation of power among the project stakeholder
- C. To define the rules that govern decisions in and organization and that define, constrain, or enable organizational policies
- D. To define the historical information that is available for the business analyst to rely on for his research

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 129

- (Topic 2)

Zoe is the business analyst for her organization. She is currently prioritizing the requirements based on the implementation difficulty of the requirements to help with the solution planning.

Which of the following best describes the approach Zoe is taking with requirements prioritization?

- A. The requirements are categorized by type of work, and then ranked within each category of ease of implementation to difficulty of implementation
- B. The requirements are ranked most difficult to easiest to implement
- C. The requirements are ranked from easiest to hardest to implement
- D. The requirements are categorized by the likelihood of management approving the requirement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 132

- (Topic 2)

Which conduct stakeholder analysis technique identifies stakeholder roles that may serve as a useful starting point for identifying actors and roles?

- A. Interviews
- B. Scenario and uses cases and user stories
- C. Scope modeling
- D. Requirements workshops

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 135

- (Topic 2)

What does the T in SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Trial
- B. Time
- C. Test
- D. Threats

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 137

- (Topic 2)

What requirements elicitation involves carefully selected stakeholders and subject matter experts for a short, intensive period (usually for one to a few days) to define and document the requirements for a solution?

- A. Many-to-many interviews
- B. Requirements workshop
- C. Focus group
- D. Prototyping

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 142

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are leading a presentation about an unidentified problem. This presentation will help the stakeholders to understand the problem and it will help you when you begin to elicit requirements from the stakeholders. Which type of learner learns best through the presentation of models?

- A. Visual learners
- B. Auditory learners
- C. Kinesthetic learners
- D. Communication model learners

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 146

- (Topic 2)

Jenni is the business analyst for the UHQ Organization. She is preparing to complete the conduct elicitation activity for her organization. Jenni can use all of the following techniques as part of this activity except for which one?

- A. Requirements workshops
- B. Document analysis
- C. Interviews
- D. Problem tracking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 150

- (Topic 2)

Enterprise analysis provides many things for an organization. All of the following are tasks included in enterprise analysis except for which one?

- A. Determine solution approach
- B. Define business need
- C. Assess capability gaps
- D. Solution performance assessment

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 152

- (Topic 2)

What requirements elicitation technique examines the available information, documentation, records, and history of a solution, organization, or cause to identify relevant information to the current business analysis duties?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Dataflow diagrams
- C. Document analysis
- D. Requirements elicitation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 157

- (Topic 2)

There are just three inputs to the assess proposed solution process. Which of the following is NOT one of the inputs for the assess proposed solution process?

- A. Requirements
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Assumptions and constraints
- D. Solution options

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 160

- (Topic 2)

You are working with Tom, a key stakeholder, in your business analysis duties. Tom is asking you about the desired outcome for current business opportunity. Which one of the following is NOT an example of a desired outcome?

- A. Implement new machinery to complete the work processes faster
- B. Increase sales
- C. Reduce costs
- D. Reduce time to deliver a product or service

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 164

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing for the conduct elicitation activity. You'll need several stakeholders' roles as you prepare for this activity in your organization. Which one of the following stakeholders may be responsible to dictate that a specific process or technique be followed during your requirements elicitation activities?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulator
- C. Functional management
- D. Project sponsor

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 165

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are identifying new opportunities to improve upon your existing web services. Management is open to new opportunities as long as the changes do not take more than 60 days to implement. What type of a factor does the 60 day implementation represent?

- A. Technical constraint
- B. Schedule constraint
- C. Business constraint
- D. Assumption

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 168

- (Topic 2)

Marcy is the business analyst for her organization. She is completing the business analysis task of defining the business needs. She has the business goals and objectives and the requirements stated documentation. What must she confirm about the requirements stated documentation before defining the business need based on her analysis?

- A. The requirements must reflect actual business requirements, not a description of the solution
- B. The requirements must contain no or little risk
- C. The requirements must reflect proposed solutions as part of alternative identification
- D. The requirements must be compatible with the refinement of the business goals and objectives

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 173

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large project in your organization. You are working with Ben to create requirements packages to present to the stakeholders, the business analyst team, and to the project manager. Ben wants to know why you're creating requirements packages. What's the primary goal of developing a requirements package?

- A. To convey the cost, schedule, and risk information clearly
- B. To convey information clearly and in an understandable fashion
- C. To present the requirements in packages that are easy for the project team to accomplish in their project execution
- D. To help the project manager create the work breakdown structure

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 177

- (Topic 2)

Management comes to you and asks you to complete some specifications and models about the current state of the organization. Management wants you to complete this business analysis activity as soon as possible and report back to them with your findings. What is the primary purpose of the specify and model requirements process?

- A. To analyze the processes of an organization to determine what processes can be improved, removed, or added
- B. To analyze the utility function within the organization to determine how risk tolerance may allow for new opportunities
- C. To analyze the roles and responsibilities of users within the organization to determine how the processes may be improved
- D. To analyze the functioning of an organization and to provide an insight into opportunities for improvement

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Topic 2)

What type of interview is the most common as part of requirements elicitation?

- A. Many-to-one

- B. Many-to-many
- C. One-to-one
- D. One-to-many

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 183

- (Topic 2)

You are currently working on creating the activity list for an initiative in your organization. What characteristic must be assigned to each task in your task list?

- A. Procurement needs
- B. Roles and responsibilities
- C. Unique number
- D. Risk level

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 185

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are about to conduct requirements elicitation for a process to streamline the customer fulfillment system your organization uses. You need to understand how the people, processes, and technology within the customer fulfillment system operates before you begin the elicitation process. What type of analytical thinking are you participating in this scenario?

- A. Problem solving
- B. Creative thinking
- C. Brainstorming
- D. System thinking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 186

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Sally, a project manager, for your organization. You and Sally are determining the cost of the labor, materials, equipment, and facilities in order to achieve the different solutions that have been proposed for an identified problem. What is this process called?

- A. Cost budgeting
- B. Expert judgment
- C. Rough order of magnitude cost estimating
- D. Scoping the project costs

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 190

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing for the conduct elicitation activities. You'll have six inputs as you prepare for this activity. Which one of the following is not a valid input for the requirements elicitation activity?

- A. Requirements management plan
- B. Documented elicitation results
- C. Solution scope
- D. Business need

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 195

- (Topic 2)

What business analysis plan defines the process to be followed in managing the solution scope and requirements?

- A. Requirements management plan
- B. Scope management plan
- C. Change management plan
- D. Project management plan

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 199

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a new project. Part of this project is for the project team to manually install new workstations through the company's campus. Based on your research you have determined that the project team can install 25 new workstations per hour. Since there is a fixed amount of time that these workstations need to be installed you are considering adding additional labor for the implementation. You are also considering to adjust the prioritization of the project requirements based on the amount of workstations the project team can install per hour. What does the 25 workstations per hour represent in this scenario?

- A. Timeboxing
- B. Planning
- C. Parametric estimate

D. Report project

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 201

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a solution that has 435 stakeholders. How many communication channels exist in this project?

- A. 188,790
- B. 189,225
- C. 94,395
- D. 435

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 205

- (Topic 2)

There are four inputs to the plan business analysis activities. Which one of the following is not an input to the plan business analysis activities process?

- A. List of identified risks
- B. Organizational process assets
- C. Business analysis approach
- D. Stakeholder list, roles, and responsibilities

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 208

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are working with Bill on creating a model. Bill is a little confused about all the different things a model can do for the stakeholders.

You explain to Bill that a model can do all of the following except for which one?

- A. Define the risk and reward for the requirements
- B. Categorize and create hierarchies of items
- C. Define boundaries for business domains
- D. Show business logic

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 210

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are planning the business analysis approach. One of the techniques you are considering for this undertaking is to rate the available methodologies against the organizational needs and objectives. Which of the following terms describes the business analysis technique that you are currently considering in this scenario?

- A. Structured walkthrough
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Cause-and-effect analysis
- D. Process modeling

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 214

- (Topic 2)

Mark is the business analyst for his organization. Mark and his business analysis team have used the whiteboard to record the documentation as the result of requirements elicitation. What must be done with this information if Mark uses a whiteboard?

- A. The scribe must include the white board information as part of the minute
- B. The business analyst must transfer the information to another medium before the whiteboard is erase
- C. The business analyst must document the white board information and get all participants' approval of the recording
- D. The regulator must approve the writings on the whiteboard

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 215

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. As part of the requirements prioritization you have given each key stakeholder \$10,000 in play money to distribute among the identified requirements. Each stakeholder can assign their play money to any of the requirements, but the requirements will be prioritized based on the value of the play money assigned to each requirement. What type of requirements prioritization is happening in this scenario?

- A. Resource leveling
- B. Confirmation management
- C. Utility function
- D. Voting

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 216

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked you to create a plan that will define the proposed structure and schedule for communicating the business analysis activities to the appropriate stakeholders. What plan does management want you to create?

- A. Business Analysis Plan
- B. Business Analysis Communications Plan
- C. Communications management plan
- D. Stakeholder Management Plan

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 219

- (Topic 2)

Your organization needs to adapt to the change economy, new technologies, and an increase in competition in order to survive. They've asked you to complete a business analysis approach that will help them change their organizational policies in order to achieve their goals and objectives. What business analysis technique has this organization asked you to complete?

- A. Focus groups
- B. Business rules analysis
- C. Brainstorming
- D. Root cause analysis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 221

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are trying to determine the best solution for an identified problem. You have determined that you could create a software solution using inhouse resources for \$65,000 and with an ongoing support of \$5,600 per month. A vendor offers you a quote that they can create the software for \$49,000 with an ongoing support of \$6,100 per month. Which solution should you choose?

- A. Create the software if you'll keep the solution less than 32 month
- B. Create the software if you'll use the solution longer than 32 month
- C. There is not enough information to determine which solution is financially better
- D. Buy from the vendor if you'll keep the solution longer than 32 month

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 223

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are training Tracy on business analysis duties. You are explaining to Tracy how it's important for a business analyst to generate new ideas to approaching problems, solving problems, and to generate alternative solutions. You stress that it's important for the business analyst to generate new ideas and innovative concepts. What type of analytical thinking are you describing for Tracy?

- A. Lateral thinking
- B. Brainstorming
- C. Creative thinking
- D. Decision making

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 225

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Project. You have identified several stakeholders that need different types of information related to the requirements. Which stakeholder would need detailed technical interface requirements?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulators
- C. Testers
- D. Implementation subject matter experts

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 228

- (Topic 2)

Your organization is using a plan-driven approach to business analysis. What must you do with all of the communication documents created as part of this high-priority project that you are reserving as the business analyst for?

- A. All formal communication must be destroyed once the project is complete
- B. All communications must be documented and passed onto the solution's project manager for analysis and to serve as supporting detail
- C. The communications management plan will dictate what will happen to the business analysis communication
- D. All communications must be archived and will become part of the organizational process as set

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 231

- (Topic 2)

Bob and Susan are business analysts for their organization. They are examining two materials that could be used in an upcoming project. They are testing the materials and measuring the results of each test to compare the materials to each other. This process will help Bob and Susan determine which material is best for their upcoming project. What type of process are Bob and Susan completing with these materials?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Stress test
- C. Alternative identification
- D. Benchmarking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 235

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Your current project is using a plan-driven approach for the requirements, business analysis, and monitoring. Which one of the following statements best describes the plan-driven approach to business analysis planning and monitoring?

- A. Plan-driven approaches determine how priorities will be diagnosed for the project solution
- B. Plan-driven approaches encourage changes that prevent errors and omission
- C. Plan-driven approaches typically have meetings daily to discuss the business analysis requirements process
- D. Plan-driven approaches typically call for a significant amount of formality and detail

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 238

- (Topic 2)

You are creating a model that shows how data moves through a system. Each function that modifies the data in any manner is identified, decomposed to smaller levels, and the system is completely described from start to storage. What type of a modeling technique are you using in this scenario?

- A. Functional decomposition
- B. Data flow diagramming
- C. Work decomposition
- D. Organization modeling

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 239

- (Topic 2)

What element of the conduct elicitation activity is tracked to provide a basis for future planning?

- A. Time actually spent eliciting the requirements
- B. Number of stakeholders that did not participate in the requirements elicitation
- C. Cost of actually eliciting the requirements
- D. Changes that entered the scope throughout the requirements elicitation activities

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 243

- (Topic 2)

Martha is observing Gary complete several activities as part of her requirements elicitation process. Martha is simply observing the steps Gary takes to complete his work and she is taking notes. In this instance Martha does not ask Gary any questions. What type of observation technique is Martha completing?

- A. Shadowing
- B. Active
- C. Passive
- D. Usage consideration

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 247

- (Topic 3)

Which one of the following diagrams visualize the result of the root cause analysis study?

- A. Activity diagrams
- B. State diagrams
- C. Tornado diagrams
- D. Cause-and effect diagrams

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 251

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes includes tasks and roles, risk categories, schedules for risk management activities, definitions of probability and impact, and the stakeholders' tolerances?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Risk register
- C. Risk analysis

D. Risk response plan

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 254

- (Topic 3)

All of the following are examples of transference risk response except for which one?

- A. Warranties
- B. Performance bonds
- C. Life cycle costing
- D. Use of insurance

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 255

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the process of developing a document that formally authorizes a project or a phase? A. Define Scope

- A. Develop Schedule
- B. Develop Project Charter
- C. Create Work Breakdown Structure

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 257

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following graphical presentations of a project plan is most appropriate for presenting to upper management?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Pareto Chart
- C. Critical Path Method
- D. Scatter chart

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 261

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a visual decomposition of the project scope?

- A. Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled (BCWS)
- B. Resource Breakdown Structure (RBS)
- C. product breakdown structure (PBS)
- D. Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 264

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is responsible for preparing the business architecture, feasibility studies, and business cases?

- A. Security Administrator
- B. Developer
- C. Business analyst
- D. Project leader

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 269

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following can be an effective tool during quality control to help determine the how the problem occurred?

- A. Rework
- B. Trend Analysis
- C. Flowcharting
- D. Pareto Diagram

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 273

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following diagrams is known as Ishikawa diagram?

- A. Activity
- B. Data-flow

- C. Cost-Benefit
- D. Cause-and Effect

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 274

- (Topic 3)

You are currently working on creating the activity list for an initiative in your organization. What characteristic must be assigned to each task in your task list?

- A. Risk level
- B. Unique number
- C. Procurement needs
- D. Roles and responsibilities

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 279

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following process models needs to complete each set of tasks in one phase before moving into the next phase in a project development life cycle?

- A. Procedural model
- B. Evolutionary model
- C. Spiral model
- D. Waterfall model

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 282

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following compares two or more systems, states, services, products, or things to determine the best viable choice?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Risk Identification
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Cost-benefit analysis

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 284

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes measures the maturity level of the security program?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Risk mitigation
- C. Risk assessment
- D. GAP analysis

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 285

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following meeting brings all of the potential vendors together to discuss the statement of work and the request for proposal?

- A. Contract bidding meeting
- B. Status meeting
- C. Qualified vendors meeting
- D. Bidders conference

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 288

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is important to ensure that the roles and responsibilities of those involved in a task are tracked?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Line chart
- C. RACI chart
- D. Gantt chart

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 293

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes is must at the end of each project phase to determine the completeness of the project work and to gain the customer's

acceptance to move the project forward?

- A. Scope verification
- B. Inspection of key results
- C. Quality control
- D. Phase gate review

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 294

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes is used by organizations to set the risk tolerance, identify the potential risks, and prioritize the tolerance for risk?

- A. Risk communication
- B. Risk identification
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Risk management

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 295

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the process of defining and analyzing the dangers to individuals, businesses, and government agencies posed by potential natural and human-caused adverse events?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Risk identification
- C. Risk management
- D. Risk communication

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 300

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a procurement document?

- A. Project Work Breakdown Structure
- B. Project charter
- C. Vision document
- D. Invitation for bid

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 304

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following participants have to keep the minutes and details of the conversation during Interviews?

- A. Stakeholder
- B. Scribe
- C. Business Analyst
- D. End user

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 307

- (Topic 3)

What portion of the communications model could be defined as the translator?

- A. Receiver
- B. Medium
- C. Translator
- D. Sender

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 309

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a flowchart that shows all the processes and the interfaces that interact with the project processes?

- A. Process configuration
- B. Pareto chart
- C. Control chart
- D. Quality baseline
- E. RACI chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 313

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following process groups occurs at the beginning of the project?

- A. Executing
- B. Planning
- C. Initiating
- D. Controlling and Monitoring
- E. Closing

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 315

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is described in the statement below?

"It shows the causes of a certain event. A common use of this diagram is to identify potential factors causing an overall effect. It helps identify causal factors and contributing causes."

- A. Ishikawa
- B. Flowchart
- C. Process configuration chart
- D. Control chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 320

- (Topic 3)

_____ is the degree to which a set of inherent characteristics fulfills requirements.

- A. Quality
- B. Regulation
- C. Project phase
- D. Scope

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 322

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following terms is used to describe a major deliverable or key even in the project used to measure project progress?

- A. Project life cycle
- B. Phase
- C. Achievement
- D. Milestone

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 325

- (Topic 3)

_____ are timeless events that show progress in the project. These are typically achieved at the end of phase in the project lifecycle.

- A. Achievements
- B. Millstones
- C. Phases
- D. Templates

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 330

- (Topic 3)

You have identified several stakeholders that you believe are kinesthetic learners. Which statement best describes the kinesthetic learning approach?

- A. The learners learn best by reading and ponderin
- B. The learners learn best be experiencing the topi
- C. The learners learn best by seeing the topic in a model or through storyboard
- D. The learners are not interested in the topic unless they can immediately apply it to their lives or job

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 335

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the formal acceptance of the project?

- A. A project review
- B. A sign-off
- C. Risk assessment
- D. Inspection trend analysis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 336

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques involves determining and documenting the variance between business requirements and current capabilities?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Schedule analysis
- C. GAP analysis
- D. Cost benefit analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 338

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following stages of a project defines the number of risks and opportunities, including intense planning and anticipation of risk events?

- A. Planning
- B. Executing
- C. Initiation
- D. Closing

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 339

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following phases is the first step towards creating a business continuity plan?

- A. Business Continuity Plan Development
- B. Scope and Plan Initiation
- C. Business Impact Assessment
- D. Plan Approval and Implementation

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 344

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following models demonstrates the attributes, operations, and relationship to entities within the solution?

- A. Entity Relationship
- B. Data dictionary
- C. Class model
- D. CRUD matrix

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 345

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a quality control chart to track trends in project execution?

- A. Control chart
- B. RACI chart
- C. PERT chart
- D. Pareto chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 348

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following requires that all parties in the conflict must give up something?

- A. Barrier
- B. Problem solving
- C. Withdrawal
- D. Compromising

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 349

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following requirement attributes lacks any ambiguous characteristics?

- A. Understandable
- B. User Requirements Document (URD)
- C. Unambiguous

D. Urgency

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 354

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a process of adding labor to a project to reduce the project duration?

- A. Forming
- B. Storming
- C. Rolling wave planning
- D. Crashing

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 356

- (Topic 3)

In risk analysis, which of the following can be identified as a consequence of a disaster?

- A. Loss of operating capability
- B. Loss of goodwill
- C. Loss of competitive edge
- D. Loss of stockholder confidence

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 357

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