

Salesforce

Exam Questions Data-Cloud-Consultant

Salesforce Certified Data Cloud Consultant(WI24)



NEW QUESTION 1

Cumulus Financial is currently using Data Cloud and ingesting transactional data from its backend system via an S3 Connector in upsert mode. During the initial setup six months ago, the company created a formula field in Data Cloud to create a custom classification. It now needs to update this formula to account for more classifications.

What should the consultant keep in mind with regard to formula field updates when using the S3 Connector?

- A. Data Cloud will initiate a full refresh of data from S3 and will update the formula on all records.
- B. Data Cloud will only update the formula on a go-forward basis for new records.
- C. Data Cloud does not support formula field updates for data streams of type upsert.
- D. Data Cloud will update the formula for all records at the next incremental upsert refresh.

Answer: D

Explanation:

A formula field is a field that calculates a value based on other fields or constants. When using the S3 Connector to ingest data from an Amazon S3 bucket, Data Cloud supports creating and updating formula fields on the data lake objects (DLOs) that store the data from the S3 source. However, the formula field updates are not applied immediately, but rather at the next incremental upsert refresh of the data stream. An incremental upsert refresh is a process that adds new records and updates existing records from the S3 source to the DLO based on the primary key field. Therefore, the consultant should keep in mind that the formula field updates will affect both new and existing records, but only after the next incremental upsert refresh of the data stream. The other options are incorrect because Data Cloud does not initiate a full refresh of data from S3, does not update the formula only for new records, and does support formula field updates for data streams of type upsert. References: Create a Formula Field, Amazon S3 Connection, Data Lake Object

NEW QUESTION 2

A consultant is setting up a data stream with transactional data, Which field type should the consultant choose to ensure that leading zeros in the purchase order number are preserved?

- A. Text
- B. Number
- C. Decimal
- D. Serial

Answer: A

Explanation:

The field type Text should be chosen to ensure that leading zeros in the purchase order number are preserved. This is because text fields store alphanumeric characters as strings, and do not remove any leading or trailing characters. On the other hand, number, decimal, and serial fields store numeric values as numbers, and automatically remove any leading zeros when displaying or exporting the data. Therefore, text fields are more suitable for storing data that needs to retain its original format, such as purchase order numbers, zip codes, phone numbers, etc. References:

? Zeros at the start of a field appear to be omitted in Data Exports

? Keep First '0' When Importing a CSV File

? Import and export address fields that begin with a zero or contain a plus symbol

NEW QUESTION 3

Cumulus Financial created a segment called High Investment Balance Customers. This is a foundational segment that includes several segmentation criteria the marketing team should consistently use.

Which feature should the consultant suggest the marketing team use to ensure this consistency when creating future, more refined segments?

- A. Create new segments using nested segments.
- B. Create a High Investment Balance calculated insight.
- C. Package High Investment Balance Customers in a data kit.
- D. Create new segments by cloning High Investment Balance Customers.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Nested segments are segments that include or exclude one or more existing segments. They allow the marketing team to reuse filters and maintain consistency in their data by using an existing segment to build a new one. For example, the marketing team can create a nested segment that includes High Investment Balance Customers and excludes customers who have opted out of email marketing. This way, they can leverage the foundational segment and apply additional criteria without duplicating the rules. The other options are not the best features to ensure consistency because:

? B. A calculated insight is a data object that performs calculations on data lake objects or CRM data and returns a result. It is not a segment and cannot be used for activation or personalization.

? C. A data kit is a bundle of packageable metadata that can be exported and imported across Data Cloud orgs. It is not a feature for creating segments, but rather for sharing components.

? D. Cloning a segment creates a copy of the segment with the same rules and filters. It does not allow the marketing team to add or remove criteria from the original segment, and it may create confusion and

redundancy. References: Create a Nested Segment - Salesforce, Save Time with Nested Segments (Generally Available) - Salesforce, Calculated Insights - Salesforce, Create and Publish a Data Kit Unit | Salesforce Trailhead, Create a Segment in Data Cloud - Salesforce

NEW QUESTION 4

Cloud Kicks received a Request to be Forgotten by a customer.

In which two ways should a consultant use Data Cloud to honor this request? Choose 2 answers

- A. Delete the data from the incoming data stream and perform a full refresh.
- B. Add the Individual ID to a headerless file and use the delete from file functionality.
- C. Use Data Explorer to locate and manually remove the Individual.
- D. Use the Consent API to suppress processing and delete the Individual and related records from source data streams.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

To honor a Request to be Forgotten by a customer, a consultant should use Data Cloud in two ways:

? Add the Individual ID to a headerless file and use the delete from file functionality. This option allows the consultant to delete multiple Individuals from Data Cloud by uploading a CSV file with their IDs¹. The deletion process is asynchronous and can take up to 24 hours to complete¹.

? Use the Consent API to suppress processing and delete the Individual and related records from source data streams. This option allows the consultant to submit a Data Deletion request for an Individual profile in Data Cloud using the Consent API². A Data Deletion request deletes the specified Individual entity and any entities where a relationship has been defined between that entity's identifying attribute and the Individual ID attribute². The deletion process is reprocessed at 30, 60, and 90 days to ensure a full deletion². The other options are not correct because:

? Deleting the data from the incoming data stream and performing a full refresh will not delete the existing data in Data Cloud, only the new data from the source system³.

? Using Data Explorer to locate and manually remove the Individual will not delete the related records from the source data streams, only the Individual entity in Data Cloud. References:

? Delete Individuals from Data Cloud

? Requesting Data Deletion or Right to Be Forgotten

? Data Refresh for Data Cloud

? [Data Explorer]

NEW QUESTION 5

A consultant wants to build a new audience in Data Cloud.

Which three criteria can the consultant include when building a segment? Choose 3 answers

- A. Direct attributes
- B. Data stream attributes
- C. Calculated Insights
- D. Related attributes
- E. Streaming insights

Answer: ACD

Explanation:

A segment is a subset of individuals who meet certain criteria based on their attributes and behaviors. A consultant can use different types of criteria when building a segment in Data Cloud, such as:

? Direct attributes: These are attributes that describe the characteristics of an individual, such as name, email, gender, age, etc. These attributes are stored in the Profile data model object (DMO) and can be used to filter individuals based on their profile data.

? Calculated Insights: These are insights that perform calculations on data in a data space and store the results in a data extension. These insights can be used to segment individuals based on metrics or scores derived from their data, such as customer lifetime value, churn risk, loyalty tier, etc.

? Related attributes: These are attributes that describe the relationships of an individual with other DMOs, such as Email, Engagement, Order, Product, etc. These attributes can be used to segment individuals based on their interactions or transactions with different entities, such as email opens, clicks, purchases, etc.

The other two options are not valid criteria for building a segment in Data Cloud. Data stream attributes are attributes that describe the streaming data that is ingested into Data Cloud from various sources, such as Marketing Cloud, Commerce Cloud, Service Cloud, etc. These attributes are not directly available for segmentation, but they can be transformed and stored in data extensions using streaming data transforms. Streaming insights are insights that analyze streaming data in real time and trigger actions based on predefined conditions. These insights are not used for segmentation, but for activation and personalization.

References: Create a Segment in Data Cloud, Use Insights in Data Cloud, Data Cloud Data Model

NEW QUESTION 6

Which two common use cases can be addressed with Data Cloud? Choose 2 answers

- A. Understand and act upon customer data to drive more relevant experiences.
- B. Govern enterprise data lifecycle through a centralized set of policies and processes.
- C. Harmonize data from multiple sources with a standardized and extendable data model.
- D. Safeguard critical business data by serving as a centralized system for backup and disaster recovery.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Data Cloud is a data platform that can help customers connect, prepare, harmonize, unify, query, analyze, and act on their data across various Salesforce and external sources. Some of the common use cases that can be addressed with Data Cloud are:

? Understand and act upon customer data to drive more relevant experiences. Data Cloud can help customers gain a 360-degree view of their customers by unifying data from different sources and resolving identities across channels. Data Cloud can also help customers segment their audiences, create personalized experiences, and activate data in any channel using insights and AI.

? Harmonize data from multiple sources with a standardized and extendable data model. Data Cloud can help customers transform and cleanse their data before using it, and map it to a common data model that can be extended and customized. Data Cloud can also help customers create calculated insights and related attributes to enrich their data and optimize identity resolution.

The other two options are not common use cases for Data Cloud. Data Cloud does not provide data governance or backup and disaster recovery features, as these are typically handled by other Salesforce or external solutions.

References:

? Learn How Data Cloud Works

? About Salesforce Data Cloud

? Discover Use Cases for the Platform

? Understand Common Data Analysis Use Cases

NEW QUESTION 7

Northern Trail Outfitters uses B2C Commerce and is exploring implementing Data Cloud to get a unified view of its customers and all their order transactions.

What should the consultant keep in mind with regard to historical data ingesting order data using the B2C Commerce Order Bundle?

- A. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 12 months of historical data.
- B. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 6 months of historical data.
- C. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle does not ingest any historical data and only ingests new orders from that point on.
- D. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 30 days of historical data.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The B2C Commerce Order Bundle is a data bundle that creates a data stream to flow order data from a B2C Commerce instance to Data Cloud. However, this data bundle does not ingest any historical data and only ingests new orders from the time the data stream is created. Therefore, if a consultant wants to ingest historical order data, they need to use a different method, such as exporting the data from B2C Commerce and importing it to Data Cloud using a CSV file¹².

References:

? Create a B2C Commerce Data Bundle

? Data Access and Export for B2C Commerce and Commerce Marketplace

NEW QUESTION 8

To import campaign members into a campaign in Salesforce CRM, a user wants to export the segment to Amazon S3. The resulting file needs to include the Salesforce CRM Campaign ID in the name.

What are two ways to achieve this outcome? Choose 2 answers

- A. Include campaign identifier in the activation name.
- B. Hard code the campaign identifier as a new attribute in the campaign activation.
- C. Include campaign identifier in the filename specification.
- D. Include campaign identifier in the segment name.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

The two ways to achieve this outcome are A and C. Include campaign identifier in the activation name and include campaign identifier in the filename specification. These two options allow the user to specify the Salesforce CRM Campaign ID in the name of the file that is exported to Amazon S3. The activation name and the filename specification are both configurable settings in the activation wizard, where the user can enter the campaign identifier as a text or a variable. The activation name is used as the prefix of the filename, and the filename specification is used as the suffix of the filename. For example, if the activation name is "Campaign_123" and the filename specification is "{segmentName}_{date}", the resulting file name will be "Campaign_123_SegmentA_2023-12-18.csv". This way, the user can easily identify the file that corresponds to the campaign and import it into Salesforce CRM.

The other options are not correct. Option B is incorrect because hard coding the campaign identifier as a new attribute in the campaign activation is not possible. The campaign activation does not have any attributes, only settings. Option D is incorrect because including the campaign identifier in the segment name is not sufficient. The segment name is not used in the filename of the exported file, unless it is specified in the filename specification. Therefore, the user will not be able to see the campaign identifier in the file name.

NEW QUESTION 9

Northern Trail Outfitters is using the Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles to bring Marketing Cloud data into Data Cloud.

What are two of the available datasets in Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles? Choose 2 answers

- A. Personalization
- B. MobileConnect
- C. Loyalty Management
- D. MobilePush

Answer: BD

Explanation:

The Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles are predefined data bundles that allow you to easily ingest data from Marketing Cloud into Data Cloud¹. The available datasets in Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles are Email, MobileConnect, and MobilePush². These datasets contain engagement events and metrics from different Marketing Cloud channels, such as email, SMS, and push notifications². By using these datasets, you can enrich your Data Cloud data model with Marketing Cloud data and create segments and activations based on your marketing campaigns and journeys¹. The other options are incorrect because they are not available datasets in Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles. Option A is incorrect because Personalization is not a dataset, but a feature of Marketing Cloud that allows you to tailor your content and messages to your audience³. Option C is incorrect because Loyalty Management is not a dataset, but a product of Marketing Cloud that allows you to create and manage loyalty programs for your customers⁴. References: Marketing Cloud Starter Data Bundles in Data Cloud, Connect Your Data Sources, Personalization in Marketing Cloud, Loyalty Management in Marketing Cloud

NEW QUESTION 10

How does identity resolution select attributes for unified individuals when there is conflicting information in the data model?

- A. Creates additional contact points
- B. Leverages reconciliation rules
- C. Creates additional rulesets
- D. Leverages match rules

Answer: B

Explanation:

Identity resolution is the process of creating unified profiles of individuals by matching and merging data from different sources. When there is conflicting information in the data model, such as different names, addresses, or phone numbers for the same person, identity resolution leverages reconciliation rules to select the most accurate and complete attributes for the unified profile. Reconciliation rules are configurable rules that define how to resolve conflicts based on criteria such as recency, frequency, source priority, or completeness. For example, a reconciliation rule can specify that the most recent name or the most frequent phone number should be selected for the unified profile.

Reconciliation rules can be applied at the attribute level or the contact point level. References: Identity Resolution, Reconciliation Rules, Salesforce Data Cloud Exam Questions

NEW QUESTION 10

What should a user do to pause a segment activation with the intent of using that segment again?

- A. Deactivate the segment.
- B. Delete the segment.

- C. Skip the activation.
- D. Stop the publish schedule.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct answer is A. Deactivate the segment. If a segment is no longer needed, it can be deactivated through Data Cloud and applies to all chosen targets. A deactivated segment no longer publishes, but it can be reactivated at any time¹. This option allows the user to pause a segment activation with the intent of using that segment again.

The other options are incorrect for the following reasons:

? B. Delete the segment. This option permanently removes the segment from Data Cloud and cannot be undone². This option does not allow the user to use the segment again.

? C. Skip the activation. This option skips the current activation cycle for the segment, but does not affect the future activation cycles³. This option does not pause the segment activation indefinitely.

? D. Stop the publish schedule. This option stops the segment from publishing to the chosen targets, but does not deactivate the segment⁴. This option does not pause the segment activation completely.

References:

? 1: Deactivated Segment article on Salesforce Help

? 2: Delete a Segment article on Salesforce Help

? 3: Skip an Activation article on Salesforce Help

? 4: Stop a Publish Schedule article on Salesforce Help

NEW QUESTION 14

Every day, Northern Trail Outfitters uploads a summary of the last 24 hours of store transactions to a new file in an Amazon S3 bucket, and files older than seven days are automatically deleted. Each file contains a timestamp in a standardized naming convention.

Which two options should a consultant configure when ingesting this data stream? Choose 2 answers

- A. Ensure that deletion of old files is enabled.
- B. Ensure the refresh mode is set to "Upsert".
- C. Ensure the filename contains a wildcard to accommodate the timestamp.
- D. Ensure the refresh mode is set to "Full Refresh."

Answer: BC

Explanation:

When ingesting data from an Amazon S3 bucket, the consultant should configure the following options:

? The refresh mode should be set to "Upsert", which means that new and updated records will be added or updated in Data Cloud, while existing records will be preserved. This ensures that the data is always up to date and consistent with the source.

? The filename should contain a wildcard to accommodate the timestamp, which means that the file name pattern should include a variable part that matches the timestamp format. For example, if the file name is store_transactions_2023-12- 18.csv, the wildcard could be store_transactions_*.csv. This ensures that the ingestion process can identify and process the correct file every day.

The other options are not necessary or relevant for this scenario:

? Deletion of old files is a feature of the Amazon S3 bucket, not the Data Cloud ingestion process. Data Cloud does not delete any files from the source, nor does it require the source files to be deleted after ingestion.

? Full Refresh is a refresh mode that deletes all existing records in Data Cloud and replaces them with the records from the source file. This is not suitable for this scenario, as it would result in data loss and inconsistency, especially if the source file only contains the summary of the last 24 hours of transactions. References: Ingest Data from Amazon S3, Refresh Modes

NEW QUESTION 16

A consultant needs to package Data Cloud components from one organization to another.

Which two Data Cloud components should the consultant include in a data kit to achieve this goal?

Choose 2 answers

- A. Data model objects
- B. Segments
- C. Calculated insights
- D. Identity resolution rulesets

Answer: AD

Explanation:

To package Data Cloud components from one organization to another, the consultant should include the following components in a data kit:

? Data model objects: These are the custom objects that define the data model for Data Cloud, such as Individual, Segment, Activity, etc. They store the data ingested from various sources and enable the creation of unified profiles and segments¹.

? Identity resolution rulesets: These are the rules that determine how data from different sources are matched and merged to create unified profiles. They specify the criteria, logic, and priority for identity resolution². References:

? 1: Data Model Objects in Data Cloud

? 2: Identity Resolution Rulesets in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 21

Cloud Kicks wants to be able to build a segment of customers who have visited its website within the previous 7 days.

Which filter operator on the Engagement Date field fits this use case?

- A. Is Between
- B. Greater than Last Number of
- C. Next Number of Days
- D. Last Number of Days

Answer: D

Explanation:

The filter operator Last Number of Days allows you to filter on date fields using a relative date range that specifies the number of days before today. For example, you can use this operator to filter on customers who have visited your website in the last 7 days, or the last 30 days, or any number of days you want. This operator is useful for creating dynamic segments that update automatically based on the current date.

References:

? Relative Date Filter Reference

? Create Filtered Segments

NEW QUESTION 25

A customer is concerned that the consolidation rate displayed in the identity resolution is quite low compared to their initial estimations. Which configuration change should a consultant consider in order to increase the consolidation rate?

- A. Change reconciliation rules to Most Occurring.
- B. Increase the number of matching rules.
- C. Include additional attributes in the existing matching rules.
- D. Reduce the number of matching rules.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The consolidation rate is the amount by which source profiles are combined to produce unified profiles, calculated as $1 - (\text{number of unified individuals} / \text{number of source individuals})$. For example, if you ingest 100 source records and create 80 unified profiles, your consolidation rate is 20%. To increase the consolidation rate, you need to increase the number of matches between source profiles, which can be done by adding more match rules. Match rules define the criteria for matching source profiles based on their attributes. By increasing the number of match rules, you can increase the chances of finding matches between source profiles and thus increase the consolidation rate. On the other hand, changing reconciliation rules, including additional attributes, or reducing the number of match rules can decrease the consolidation rate, as they can either reduce the number of matches or increase the number of unified profiles. References: Identity Resolution Calculated Insight: Consolidation Rates for Unified Profiles, Identity Resolution Ruleset Processing Results, Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets

NEW QUESTION 30

A customer requests that their personal data be deleted. Which action should the consultant take to accommodate this request in Data Cloud?

- A. Use a streaming API call to delete the customer's information.
- B. Use Profile Explorer to delete the customer data from Data Cloud.
- C. Use Consent API to request deletion of the customer's information.
- D. Use the Data Rights Subject Request tool to request deletion of the customer's information.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Data Rights Subject Request tool is a feature that allows Data Cloud users to manage customer requests for data access, deletion, or portability. The tool provides a user interface and an API to create, track, and fulfill data rights requests. The tool also generates a report that contains the customer's personal data and the actions taken to comply with the request. The consultant should use this tool to accommodate the customer's request for data deletion in Data Cloud. References: Data Rights Subject Request Tool, Create a Data Rights Subject Request

NEW QUESTION 33

Northern Trail Outfitters wants to be able to calculate each customer's lifetime value (LTV) but also create breakdowns of the revenue sourced by website, mobile app, and retail channels. What should a consultant use to address this use case in Data Cloud?

- A. Flow Orchestration
- B. Nested segments
- C. Metrics on metrics
- D. Streaming data transform

Answer: C

Explanation:

Metrics on metrics is a feature that allows creating new metrics based on existing metrics and applying mathematical operations on them. This can be useful for calculating complex business metrics such as LTV, ROI, or conversion rates. In this case, the consultant can use metrics on metrics to calculate the LTV of each customer by summing up the revenue generated by them across different channels. The consultant can also create breakdowns of the revenue by channel by using the channel attribute as a dimension in the metric definition. References: Metrics on Metrics, Create Metrics on Metrics

NEW QUESTION 35

A customer has outlined requirements to trigger a journey for an abandoned browse behavior. Based on the requirements, the consultant determines they will use streaming insights to trigger a data action to Journey Builder every hour. How should the consultant configure the solution to ensure the data action is triggered at the cadence required?

- A. Set the activation schedule to hourly.
- B. Configure the data to be ingested in hourly batches.
- C. Set the journey entry schedule to run every hour.
- D. Set the insights aggregation time window to 1 hour.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Streaming insights are computed from real-time engagement events and can be used to trigger data actions based on pre-set rules. Data actions are workflows that send data from Data Cloud to other systems, such as Journey Builder. To ensure that the data action is triggered every hour, the consultant should set the insights aggregation time window to 1 hour. This means that the streaming insight will evaluate the events that occurred within the last hour and execute the data

action if the conditions are met. The other options are not relevant for streaming insights and data actions. References: Streaming Insights and Data Actions Limits and Behaviors, Streaming Insights, Streaming Insights and Data Actions Use Cases, Use Insights in Data Cloud, 6 Ways the Latest Marketing Cloud Release Can Boost Your Campaigns

NEW QUESTION 39

Which configuration supports separate Amazon S3 buckets for data ingestion and activation?

- A. Dedicated S3 data sources in Data Cloud setup
- B. Multiple S3 connectors in Data Cloud setup
- C. Dedicated S3 data sources in activation setup
- D. Separate user credentials for data stream and activation target

Answer: A

Explanation:

To support separate Amazon S3 buckets for data ingestion and activation, you need to configure dedicated S3 data sources in Data Cloud setup. Data sources are used to identify the origin and type of the data that you ingest into Data Cloud¹. You can create different data sources for each S3 bucket that you want to use for ingestion or activation, and specify the bucket name, region, and access credentials². This way, you can separate and organize your data by different criteria, such as brand, region, product, or business unit³. The other options are incorrect because they do not support separate S3 buckets for data ingestion and activation. Multiple S3 connectors are not a valid configuration in Data Cloud setup, as there is only one S3 connector available⁴. Dedicated S3 data sources in activation setup are not a valid configuration either, as activation setup does not require data sources, but activation targets⁵. Separate user credentials for data stream and activation target are not sufficient to support separate S3 buckets, as you also need to specify the bucket name and region for each data source². References: Data Sources Overview, Amazon S3 Storage Connector, Data Spaces Overview, Data Streams Overview, Data Activation Overview

NEW QUESTION 40

A consultant is planning the ingestion of a data stream that has profile information including a mobile phone number.

To ensure that the phone number can be used for future SMS campaigns, they need to confirm the phone number field is in the proper E164 Phone Number format. However, the phone numbers in the file appear to be in varying formats.

What is the most efficient way to guarantee that the various phone number formats are standardized?

- A. Create a formula field to standardize the format.
- B. Edit and update the data in the source system prior to sending to Data Cloud.
- C. Assign the PhoneNumber field type when creating the data stream.
- D. Create a calculated insight after ingestion.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The most efficient way to guarantee that the various phone number formats are standardized is to assign the PhoneNumber field type when creating the data stream. The PhoneNumber field type is a special field type that automatically converts phone numbers into the E164 format, which is the international standard for phone numbers. The E164 format consists of a plus sign (+), the country code, and the national number. For example, +1-202-555-1234 is the E164 format for a US phone number. By using the PhoneNumber field type, the consultant can ensure that the phone numbers are consistent and can be used for future SMS campaigns. The other options are either more time- consuming, require manual intervention, or do not address the formatting issue. References: Data Stream Field Types, E164 Phone Number Format, Salesforce Data Cloud Exam Questions

NEW QUESTION 43

What does it mean to build a trust-based, first-party data asset?

- A. To provide transparency and security for data gathered from individuals who provide consent for its use and receive value in exchange
- B. To provide trusted, first-party data in the Data Cloud Marketplace that follows all compliance regulations
- C. To ensure opt-in consents are collected for all email marketing as required by law
- D. To obtain competitive data from reliable sources through interviews, surveys, and polls

Answer: A

Explanation:

Building a trust-based, first-party data asset means collecting, managing, and activating data from your own customers and prospects in a way that respects their privacy and preferences. It also means providing them with clear and honest information about how you use their data, what benefits they can expect from sharing their data, and how they can control their data. By doing so, you can create a mutually beneficial relationship with your customers, where they trust you to use their data responsibly and ethically, and you can deliver more relevant and personalized experiences to them. A trust- based, first-party data asset can help you improve customer loyalty, retention, and growth, as well as comply with data protection regulations and standards. References: Use first- party data for a powerful digital experience, Why first-party data is the key to data privacy, Build a first-party data strategy

NEW QUESTION 47

A retailer wants to unify profiles using Loyalty ID which is different than the unique ID of their customers.

Which object should the consultant use in identity resolution to perform exact match rules on the Loyalty ID?

- A. Party Identification object
- B. Loyalty Identification object
- C. Individual object
- D. Contact Identification object

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Party Identification object is the correct object to use in identity resolution to perform exact match rules on the Loyalty ID. The Party Identification object is a child object of the Individual object that stores different types of identifiers for an individual, such as email, phone, loyalty ID, social media handle, etc. Each identifier has a type, a value, and a source. The consultant can use the Party Identification object to create a match rule that compares the Loyalty ID type and

value across different sources and links the corresponding individuals.

The other options are not correct objects to use in identity resolution to perform exact match rules on the Loyalty ID. The Loyalty Identification object does not exist in Data Cloud. The Individual object is the parent object that represents a unified profile of an individual, but it does not store the Loyalty ID directly. The Contact Identification object is a child object of the Contact object that stores identifiers for a contact, such as email, phone, etc., but it does not store the Loyalty ID.

References:

? Data Modeling Requirements for Identity Resolution

? Identity Resolution in a Data Space

? Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets

? Map Required Objects

? Data and Identity in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 48

The recruiting team at Cumulus Financial wants to identify which candidates have browsed the jobs page on its website at least twice within the last 24 hours.

They want the information about these

candidates to be available for segmentation in Data Cloud and the candidates added to their recruiting system.

Which feature should a consultant recommend to achieve this goal?

A. Streaming data transform

B. Streaming insight

C. Calculated insight

D. Batch data transform

Answer: B

Explanation:

A streaming insight is a feature that allows users to create and monitor real-time metrics from streaming data sources, such as web and mobile events. A streaming insight can also trigger data actions, such as sending notifications, creating records, or updating fields, based on the metric values and conditions.

Therefore, a streaming insight is the best feature to achieve the goal of identifying candidates who have browsed the jobs page on the website at least twice within the last 24 hours, and adding them to the recruiting system. The other options are incorrect because:

? A streaming data transform is a feature that allows users to transform and enrich streaming data using SQL expressions, such as filtering, joining, aggregating, or calculating values. However, a streaming data transform does not provide the ability to monitor metrics or trigger data actions based on conditions.

? A calculated insight is a feature that allows users to define and calculate multidimensional metrics from data using SQL expressions, such as LTV, CSAT, or average order value. However, a calculated insight is not suitable for real-time data analysis, as it runs on a scheduled basis and does not support data actions.

? A batch data transform is a feature that allows users to create and schedule complex data transformations using a visual editor, such as joining, aggregating, filtering, or appending data. However, a batch data transform is not suitable for real-time data analysis, as it runs on a scheduled basis and does not support data actions. References: Streaming Insights, Create a Streaming Insight, Use Insights in Data Cloud, Learn About Data Cloud Insights, Data Cloud Insights Using SQL, Streaming Data Transforms, Get Started with Batch Data Transforms in Data Cloud, Transformations for Batch Data Transforms, Batch Data Transforms in Data Cloud: Quick Look, Salesforce Data Cloud: AI CDP.

NEW QUESTION 50

A Data Cloud consultant recently added a new data source and mapped some of the data to a new custom data model object (DMO) that they want to use for creating segments. However, they cannot view the newly created DMO when trying to create a new segment.

What is the cause of this issue?

A. Data has not yet been ingested into the DMO.

B. The new DMO is not of category Profile.

C. The new DMO does not have a relationship to the individual DMO

D. Segmentation is only supported for the Individual and Unified Individual DMOs.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The cause of this issue is that the new custom data model object (DMO) is not of category Profile. A category is a property of a DMO that defines its purpose and functionality in Data Cloud. There are three categories of DMOs: Profile, Event, and Other.

Profile DMOs are used to store attributes of individuals or entities, such as name, email, address, etc. Event DMOs are used to store actions or interactions of individuals or entities, such as purchases, clicks, visits, etc. Other DMOs are used to store any other type of data that does not fit into the Profile or Event categories, such as products, locations, categories, etc. Only Profile DMOs can be used for creating segments in Data Cloud, as segments are based on the attributes of individuals or entities. Therefore, if the new custom DMO is not of category Profile, it will not appear in the segmentation canvas. The other options are not correct because they are not the cause of this issue. Data ingestion is not a prerequisite for creating segments, as segments can be created based on the data model schema without actual data. The new DMO does not need to have a relationship to the individual DMO, as segments can be created based on any Profile DMO, regardless of its relationship to other DMOs. Segmentation is not only supported for the Individual and Unified Individual DMOs, as segments can be created based on any Profile DMO, including custom ones. References: Create a Custom Data Model Object from an Existing Data Model Object, Create a Segment in Data Cloud, Data Model Object Category

NEW QUESTION 51

Northern Trail Outfitters (NTO) wants to connect their B2C Commerce data with Data Cloud and bring two years of transactional history into Data Cloud. What should NTO use to achieve this?

A. B2C Commerce Starter Bundles

B. Direct Sales Order entity ingestion

C. Direct Sales Product entity ingestion

D. B2C Commerce Starter Bundles plus a custom extract

Answer: D

Explanation:

The B2C Commerce Starter Bundles are predefined data streams that ingest order and product data from B2C Commerce into Data Cloud. However, the starter bundles only bring in the last 90 days of data by default. To bring in two years of transactional history, NTO needs to use a custom extract from B2C Commerce that includes the historical data and configure the data stream to use the custom extract as the source. The other options are not sufficient to achieve this because:

? A. B2C Commerce Starter Bundles only ingest the last 90 days of data by default.

? B. Direct Sales Order entity ingestion is not a supported method for connecting B2C Commerce data with Data Cloud. Data Cloud does not provide a direct-access connection for B2C Commerce data, only data ingestion.

? C. Direct Sales Product entity ingestion is not a supported method for connecting B2C Commerce data with Data Cloud. Data Cloud does not provide a direct-access connection for B2C Commerce data, only data ingestion. References: Create a B2C Commerce Data Bundle - Salesforce, B2C Commerce Connector - Salesforce, Salesforce B2C Commerce Pricing Plans & Costs

NEW QUESTION 55

A consultant is reviewing a recent activation using engagement-based related attributes but is not seeing any related attributes in their payload for the majority of their segment members.

Which two areas should the consultant review to help troubleshoot this issue? Choose 2 answers

- A. The related engagement events occurred within the last 90 days.
- B. The activations are referencing segments that segment on profile data rather than engagement data.
- C. The correct path is selected for the related attributes.
- D. The activated profiles have a Unified Contact Point.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Engagement-based related attributes are attributes that describe the interactions of a person with an email message, such as opens, clicks, unsubscribes, etc. These attributes are stored in the Engagement data model object (DMO) and can be added to an activation to send more personalized communications. However, there are some considerations and limitations when using engagement-based related attributes, such as:

? For engagement data, activation supports a 90-day lookback window. This means that only the attributes from the engagement events that occurred within the last 90 days are considered for activation. Any records outside of this window are not included in the activation payload. Therefore, the consultant should review the event time of the related engagement events and make sure they are within the lookback window.

? The correct path to the related attributes must be selected for the activation. A path is a sequence of DMOs that are connected by relationships in the data model. For example, the path from Individual to Engagement is Individual -> Email -> Engagement. The path determines which related attributes are available for activation and how they are filtered. Therefore, the consultant should review the path selection and make sure it matches the desired related attributes and filters. The other two options are not relevant for this issue. The activations can reference segments that segment on profile data rather than engagement data, as long as the activation target supports related attributes. The activated profiles do not need to have a Unified Contact Point, which is a unique identifier for a person across different data sources, to activate engagement-based related attributes. References: Add Related Attributes to an Activation, Related Attributes in Data Cloud activation have no values, Explore the Engagement Data Model Object

NEW QUESTION 56

A customer has a calculated insight about lifetime value.

What does the consultant need to be aware of if the calculated insight. needs to be modified?

- A. New dimensions can be added.
- B. Existing dimensions can be removed.
- C. Existing measures can be removed.
- D. New measures can be added.

Answer: B

Explanation:

A calculated insight is a multidimensional metric that is defined and calculated from data using SQL expressions. A calculated insight can include dimensions and measures. Dimensions are the fields that are used to group or filter the data, such as customer ID, product category, or region. Measures are the fields that are used to perform calculations or aggregations, such as revenue, quantity, or average order value. A calculated insight can be modified by editing the SQL expression or changing the data space. However, the consultant needs to be aware of the following limitations and considerations when modifying a calculated insight:

? Existing dimensions cannot be removed. If a dimension is removed from the SQL expression, the calculated insight will fail to run and display an error message. This is because the dimension is used to create the primary key for the calculated insight object, and removing it will cause a conflict with the existing data. Therefore, the correct answer is B.

? New dimensions can be added. If a dimension is added to the SQL expression, the calculated insight will run and create a new field for the dimension in the calculated insight object. However, the consultant should be careful not to add too many dimensions, as this can affect the performance and usability of the calculated insight.

? Existing measures can be removed. If a measure is removed from the SQL expression, the calculated insight will run and delete the field for the measure from the calculated insight object. However, the consultant should be aware that removing a measure can affect the existing segments or activations that use the calculated insight.

? New measures can be added. If a measure is added to the SQL expression, the calculated insight will run and create a new field for the measure in the calculated insight object. However, the consultant should be careful not to add too many measures, as this can affect the performance and usability of the calculated insight. References: Calculated Insights, Calculated Insights in a Data Space.

NEW QUESTION 60

A customer wants to use the transactional data from their data warehouse in Data Cloud. They are only able to export the data via an SFTP site.

How should the file be brought into Data Cloud?

- A. Ingest the file with the SFTP Connector.
- B. Ingest the file through the Cloud Storage Connector.
- C. Manually import the file using the Data Import Wizard.
- D. Use Salesforce's Dataloader application to perform a bulk upload from a desktop.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The SFTP Connector is a data source connector that allows Data Cloud to ingest data from an SFTP server. The customer can use the SFTP Connector to create a data stream from their exported file and bring it into Data Cloud as a data lake object. The other options are not the best ways to bring the file into Data Cloud because:

? B. The Cloud Storage Connector is a data source connector that allows Data Cloud to ingest data from cloud storage services such as Amazon S3, Azure Storage, or Google Cloud Storage. The customer does not have their data in any of these services, but only on an SFTP site.

? C. The Data Import Wizard is a tool that allows users to import data for many standard Salesforce objects, such as accounts, contacts, leads, solutions, and campaign members. It is not designed to import data from an SFTP site or for custom objects in Data Cloud.

? D. The Data Loader is an application that allows users to insert, update, delete, or export Salesforce records. It is not designed to ingest data from an SFTP site or into Data Cloud. References: SFTP Connector - Salesforce, Create Data Streams with the SFTP Connector in Data Cloud - Salesforce, Data Import Wizard - Salesforce, Salesforce Data Loader

NEW QUESTION 61

The Salesforce CRM Connector is configured and the Case object data stream is set up. Subsequently, a new custom field named Business Priority is created on the Case object in Salesforce CRM. However, the new field is not available when trying to add it to the data stream.

Which statement addresses the cause of this issue?

- A. The Salesforce Integration User is missing Read permissions on the newly created field.
- B. The Salesforce Data Loader application should be used to perform a bulk upload from a desktop.
- C. Custom fields on the Case object are not supported for ingesting into Data Cloud.
- D. After 24 hours when the data stream refreshes it will automatically include any new fields that were added to the Salesforce CRM.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Salesforce CRM Connector uses the Salesforce Integration User to access the data from the Salesforce CRM org. The Integration User must have the Read permission on the fields that are included in the data stream. If the Integration User does not have the Read permission on the newly created field, the field will not be available for selection in the data stream configuration. To resolve this issue, the administrator should assign the Read permission on the new field to the Integration User profile or permission set. References: Create a Salesforce CRM Data Stream, Edit a Data Stream, Salesforce Data Cloud Full Refresh for CRM, SFMC, or Ingestion API Data Streams

NEW QUESTION 63

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