

Exam Questions AZ-305

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/AZ-305/>



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies. Solution: You deploy a Azure virtual machine scale set that uses autoscaling.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead, you should deploy two Azure virtual machines to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have five .NET Core applications that run on 10 Azure virtual machines in the same subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the applications can authenticate by using the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) identity. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Ensure that the applications can authenticate only when running on the 10 virtual machines.
- > Minimize administrative effort.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To provision the Azure AD identity:

	▼
Create a system-assigned Managed Service Identity	
Create a user-assigned Managed Service Identity	
Register each application in Azure AD	

To authenticate request a token by using:

	▼
An Azure AD v1.0 endpoint	
An Azure AD v2.0 endpoint	
An Azure Instance Metadata Service Identity	
OAuth2 endpoint	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application that is used by 6,000 users to validate their vacation requests. The application manages its own credential

Users must enter a username and password to access the application. The application does NOT support identity providers.

You plan to upgrade the application to use single sign-on (SSO) authentication by using an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) application registration.

Which SSO method should you use?

- A. password-based
- B. OpenID Connect
- C. header-based
- D. SAML

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has offices in the United States, Europe, Asia, and Australia.

You have an on-premises app named App1 that uses Azure Table storage. Each office hosts a local instance of App1.

You need to upgrade the storage for App1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Enable simultaneous write operations in multiple Azure regions.
- > Ensure that write latency is less than 10 ms.
- > Support indexing on all columns.
- > Minimize development effort. Which data platform should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database
- B. Azure SQL Managed Instance

- C. Azure Cosmos DB
- D. Table storage that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS) replication

Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure Cosmos DB Table API has

- > Single-digit millisecond latency for reads and writes, backed with <10-ms latency reads and <15-ms latency writes at the 99th percentile, at any scale, anywhere in the world.
- > Automatic and complete indexing on all properties, no index management.
- > Turnkey global distribution from one to 30+ regions. Support for automatic and manual failovers at any time, anywhere in the world.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/table-support>

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company currently has an application that is hosted on their on-premises environment. The application currently connects to two databases in the on-premises environment. The databases are named whizlabdb1 and whizlabdb2.

You have to move the databases onto Azure. The databases have to support server-side transactions across both of the databases.

Solution: You decide to deploy the databases to an Azure SQL database-managed instance. Would this fulfill the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Load Balancer named LB1 that balances requests to five Azure virtual machines. You need to develop a monitoring solution for LB1. The solution must generate an alert when any of the following conditions are met:

- > A virtual machine is unavailable.
- > Connection attempts exceed 50,000 per minute.

Which signal should you include in the solution for each condition? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

An unavailable virtual machine:

<input type="checkbox"/>	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Byte Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data Path Availability
<input type="checkbox"/>	Health Probe Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Packet Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	SYN Count

More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:

<input type="checkbox"/>	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Byte Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data Path Availability
<input type="checkbox"/>	Health Probe Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Packet Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	SYN Count

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Data path availability

Standard Load Balancer continuously exercises the data path from within a region to the load balancer front end, all the way to the SDN stack that supports your VM. As long as healthy instances remain, the measurement follows the same path as your application's load-balanced traffic. The data path that your customers use is also validated. The measurement is invisible to your application and does not interfere with other operations.

Note: Load balancer distributes inbound flows that arrive at the load balancer's front end to backend pool instances. These flows are according to configured load-balancing rules and health probes. The backend pool instances can be Azure Virtual Machines or instances in a virtual machine scale set.

Box 2: SYN count

SYN (synchronize) count: Standard Load Balancer does not terminate Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections or interact with TCP or UDP packet flows. Flows and their handshakes are always between the source and the VM instance. To better troubleshoot your TCP protocol scenarios, you can make use of SYN packets counters to understand how many TCP connection attempts are made. The metric reports the number of TCP SYN packets that were received.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-standard-diagnostics>

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company identifies the following business continuity and disaster recovery objectives for virtual machines that host sales, finance, and reporting application in the company's on-premises data center.

- The finance application requires that data be retained for seven years. In the event of a disaster, the application must be able to run from Azure. The recovery in objective (RTO) is 10 minutes,
- The reporting application must be able to recover point in-time data at a daily granularity. The RTO is eight hours.
- The sales application must be able to fail over to second on-premises data center.

You need to recommend which Azure services meet the business continuity and disaster recovery objectives. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you recommend for each application? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct application. Each service may be used once. More than once not at an You may need to drag the spin bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Actions	Answer Area
Azure Backup only	Sales: Service or Services
Azure Site Recovery only	Finance: Service or Services
Azure Site Recovery and Azure Backup	Reporting: Service or Services

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

- 1) Sales: Azure Site Recovery only
- 2) Finance: Azure Site Recovery and Azure Backup
- 3) Reporting: Azure Backup only

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy the backup policy shown in the following exhibit.

Policy1

Associated items | Delete | Save | Discard

Backup frequency: Daily, 6:00 PM, (UTC) Coordinated Universal Time

Retention range

Retention of daily backup point.

* At 6:00 PM For 90 Day(s)

Retention of weekly backup point.

* On Sunday * At 6:00 PM For 26 Week(s)

Retention of monthly backup point.

Week Based | Day Based

* On First * Day Sunday * At 6:00 PM For 36 Month(s)

Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Configured

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

	▼
90 days	
26 weeks	
36 months	
45 months	

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

	▼
1 hour	
1 day	
1 week	
1 month	
1 year	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a file server named Server1 that stores 500 GB of data. You need to use Azure Data Factory to copy the data from Server1 to Azure Storage.

You add a new data factory.

What should you do next? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

From Server1:

	▼
Install an Azure File Sync agent	
Install a self-hosted integration runtime	
Install the File Server Resource Manager role service	

From the data factory:

	▼
Create a pipeline	
Create an import/export job	
Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Install a self-hosted integration runtime

The Integration Runtime is a customer-managed data integration infrastructure used by Azure Data Factory to provide data integration capabilities across different network environments.

Box 2: Create a pipeline

With ADF, existing data processing services can be composed into data pipelines that are highly available and managed in the cloud. These data pipelines can be scheduled to ingest, prepare, transform, analyze, and publish data, and ADF manages and orchestrates the complex data and processing dependencies

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf> <https://docs.microsoft.com/pl-pl/azure/data-factory/tutorial-hybrid-copy-data-tool>

syu31svc 3 months, 4 weeks ago

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/create-self-hosted-integration-runtime?tabs=data-factory> "A self-hosted integration runtime can run copy activities between a cloud data store and a data store in a private network"

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/introduction>

"With Data Factory, you can use the Copy Activity in a data pipeline to move data from both on-premises and cloud source data stores to a centralization data store in the cloud for further analysis"

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a server named Server1 that runs an ASP.NET application named App1. You have a hybrid deployment of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).
 You need to recommend a solution to ensure that users sign in by using their Azure AD account and Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) when they connect to App1 from the internet.
 Which three Azure services should you recommend be deployed and configured in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate services from the list of services to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Services	Answer Area
an internal Azure Load Balancer	
an Azure AD conditional access policy	
Azure AD Application Proxy	⊙
an Azure AD managed identity	⊙
a public Azure Load Balancer	⊙
an Azure AD enterprise application	⊙
an App Service plan	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

AD Application Proxy
 AD Enterprise Application AD Conditional access policy
<https://thesleepyadmins.com/2019/02/>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Azure virtual machine	RG1
VM2	On-premises virtual machine	<i>Not applicable</i>

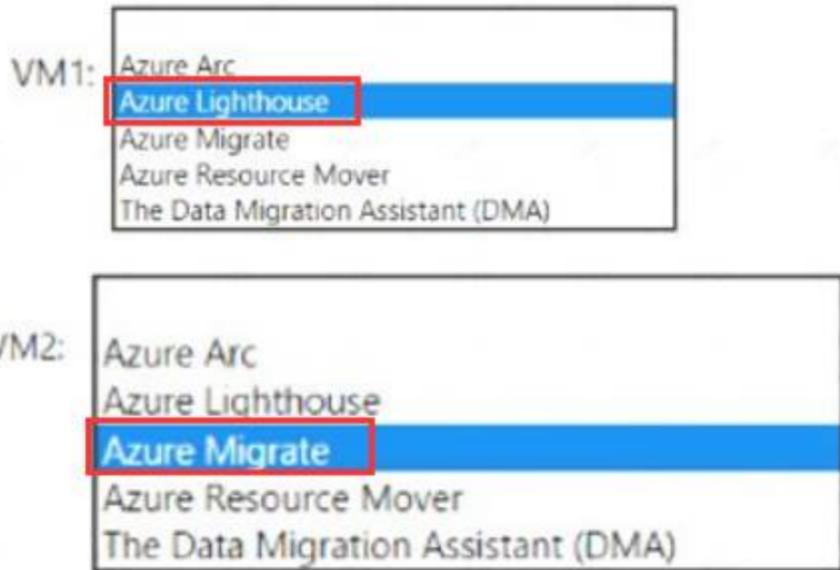
You create a new resource group in Azure named RG2. You need to move the virtual machines to RG2.
 What should you use to move each virtual machine? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

VM1:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Arc <li style="background-color: #0070C0; color: white;">Azure Lighthouse Azure Migrate Azure Resource Mover The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)
VM2:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Arc Azure Lighthouse <li style="background-color: #0070C0; color: white;">Azure Migrate Azure Resource Mover The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to archive 10 TB of on-premises data files to Azure.

You need to recommend a data archival solution. The solution must minimize the cost of storing the data files. Which Azure Storage account type should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Standard StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
- B. Standard Storage (general purpose v1)
- C. Premium StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
- D. Premium Storage (general purpose v1)

Answer: A

Explanation:

Standard StorageV2 supports the Archive access tier, which would be the cheapest solution. Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-introduction>

NEW QUESTION 18

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a Basic Azure virtual WAN named Virtual/WAN1 and the virtual hubs shown in the following table.

Name	Azure region
Hub1	US East
Hub2	US West

You have an ExpressRoute circuit in the US East region.

You need to create an ExpressRoute association to VirtualWAN1. What should you do first?

- A. Upgrade VirtualWAN1 to Standard.
- B. Create a gateway on Hub1.
- C. Create a hub virtual network in US East.
- D. Enable the ExpressRoute premium add-on.

Answer: A

Explanation:

US East and US West are in the same geopolitical region so there is no need for enabling ExpressRoute premium add-on <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about#basicstandard>

The current config of virtual WAN is only Basic as given, so it can connect to only site to site VPN, to connect to express route it needs to be upgraded from basic to standard.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about>

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to deploy an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) solution that will use Windows Server 2019 nodes. The solution must meet the following requirements:

Minimize the time it takes to provision compute resources during scale-out operations. Support autoscaling of Windows Server containers.

Which scaling option should you recommend?

- A. cluster autoscaler
- B. horizontal pod autoscaler
- C. Kubernetes version 1.20.2 or newer
- D. Virtual nodes with Virtual Kubelet ACI

Answer: D

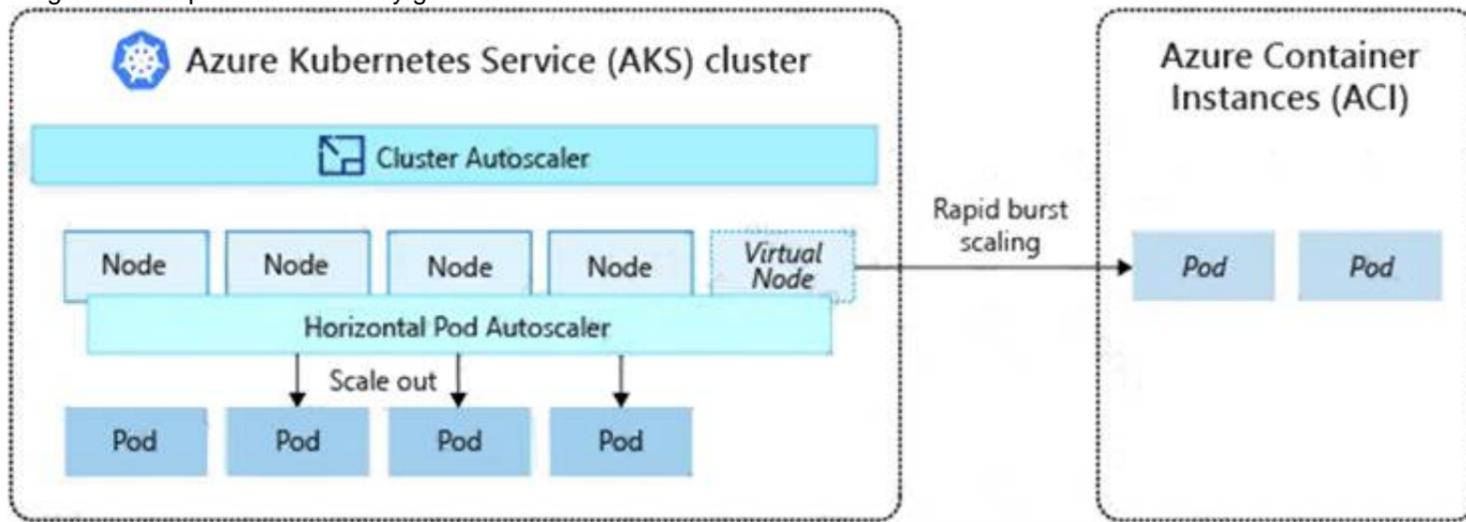
Explanation:

Azure Container Instances (ACI) lets you quickly deploy container instances without additional infrastructure overhead. When you connect with AKS, ACI becomes

a secured, logical extension of your AKS cluster. The virtual nodes component, which is based on Virtual Kubelet, is installed in your AKS cluster that presents ACI as a virtual Kubernetes node. Kubernetes can then schedule pods that run as ACI instances through virtual nodes, not as pods on VM nodes directly in your AKS cluster.

Your application requires no modification to use virtual nodes. Deployments can scale across AKS and ACI and with no delay as cluster autoscaler deploys new nodes in your AKS cluster.

Diagram Description automatically generated



Note: AKS clusters can scale in one of two ways:

- > The cluster autoscaler watches for pods that can't be scheduled on nodes because of resource constraints. The cluster then automatically increases the number of nodes.
- > The horizontal pod autoscaler uses the Metrics Server in a Kubernetes cluster to monitor the resource demand of pods. If an application needs more resources, the number of pods is automatically increased to meet the demand.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/concepts-scale5>

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend a solution to generate a monthly report of all the new Azure Resource Manager resource deployment in your subscription. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Activity Log
- B. Azure Monitor action groups
- C. Azure Advisor
- D. Azure Monitor metrics

Answer: A

Explanation:

Activity logs are kept for 90 days. You can query for any range of dates, as long as the starting date isn't more than 90 days in the past.

Through activity logs, you can determine:

- > what operations were taken on the resources in your subscription
- > who started the operation
- > when the operation occurred
- > the status of the operation
- > the values of other properties that might help you research the operation

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/view-activity-logs> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/change-tracking>

NEW QUESTION 27

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the SQL servers shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

The subscription contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purposev2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

You create the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

Answer Area

Statements

Yes No

When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1. Yes No

When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2. Yes No

When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2. Yes No

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Be sure that the destination is in the same region as your database and server.

Box 2: No

Box 3: Yes

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340\(v=azure.100\)?redirectedfrom=MSDN](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?redirectedfrom=MSDN)

NEW QUESTION 31

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company develops Azure applications.

You need to recommend a solution for the deployment of Azure subscriptions. The solution must meet the following requirements:

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Provision resource groups.
- B. Support deployments across all Azure regions.
- C. Create custom role-based access control (RBAC) roles.
- D. Provide consistent virtual machine and virtual network configurations.

Answer: D

Explanation:

> Resource groups: You can scope your deployment to a resource group. You use an Azure Resource Manager template (ARM template) for the deployment.

> Regions: If you have a template spec in one region and want to move it to new region, you can export the template spec and redeploy it.

> RBAC: Azure role-based access control (Azure RBAC) is the authorization system you use to manage access to Azure resources. To grant access, you assign roles to users, groups, service principals, or managed identities at a particular scope. In addition to using Azure PowerShell or the Azure CLI, you can assign roles using Azure Resource Manager templates. Templates can be helpful if you need to deploy resources consistently and repeatedly

> You can setup Virtual machines and virtual network configurations in an Azure Resource Manager template.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/blueprints/overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/microsoft-resources-move-regions> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/role-assignments-template>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/template-description>

NEW QUESTION 35

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a solution that will execute custom C# code in response to an event routed to Azure Event Grid. The solution must meet the following requirements:

> The executed code must be able to access the private IP address of a Microsoft SQL Server instance that runs on an Azure virtual machine.

Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Logic Apps in the integrated service environment
- B. Azure Functions in the Dedicated plan and the Basic Azure App Service plan
- C. Azure Logic Apps in the Consumption plan
- D. Azure Functions in the Consumption plan

Answer: D

Explanation:

When you create a function app in Azure, you must choose a hosting plan for your app. There are three basic hosting plans available for Azure Functions: Consumption plan, Premium plan, and Dedicated (App Service) plan.

For the Consumption plan, you don't have to pay for idle VMs or reserve capacity in advance. Connect to private endpoints with Azure Functions

As enterprises continue to adopt serverless (and Platform-as-a-Service, or PaaS) solutions, they often need a way to integrate with existing resources on a virtual network. These existing resources could be databases, file storage, message queues or event streams, or REST APIs.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale> <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-functions/connect-to-private-endpoints-with-azure-functions/ba-p>

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend creating resource groups based on locations and implementing resource locks on the resource groups.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Resource locks are not used for compliance purposes. Resource locks prevent changes from being made to resources.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

NEW QUESTION 40

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure web app named App1 and an Azure key vault named KV1. App1 stores database connection strings in KV1.

App1 performs the following types of requests to KV1:

- > Get
- > List
- > Wrap
- > Delete
- > Unwrap
- > Backup
- > Decrypt
- > Encrypt

You are evaluating the continuity of service for App1.

You need to identify the following if the Azure region that hosts KV1 becomes unavailable:

- > To where will KV1 fail over?
- > During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To where will KV1 fail over?

- A server in the same Availability Set
- A server in the same fault domain
- A server in the same paired region
- A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

- Backup
- Decrypt
- Delete
- Encrypt
- Get
- List
- Unwrap
- Wrap

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Table Description automatically generated

Box 1: A server in the same paired region

The contents of your key vault are replicated within the region and to a secondary region at least 150 miles away, but within the same geography to maintain high durability of your keys and secrets.

Box 2: Delete

During failover, your key vault is in read-only mode. Requests that are supported in this mode are:

- > List certificates
- > Get certificates
- > List secrets
- > Get secrets
- > List keys
- > Get (properties of) keys
- > Encrypt
- > Decrypt
- > Wrap
- > Unwrap
- > Verify
- > Sign
- > Backup

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/disaster-recovery-guidance>

NEW QUESTION 41

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a microservices architecture that will be hosted in an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster. Apps that will consume the microservices will be hosted on Azure virtual machines. The virtual machines and the AKS cluster will reside on the same virtual network.

You need to design a solution to expose the microservices to the consumer apps. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Ingress access to the microservices must be restricted to a single private IP address and protected by using mutual TLS authentication.
- The number of incoming microservice calls must be rate-limited.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure API Management Premium tier with virtual network connection
- B. Azure Front Door with Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- C. Azure API Management Standard tier with a service endpoint
- D. Azure App Gateway with Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

Answer: A

Explanation:

One option is to deploy APIM (API Management) inside the cluster VNet.

The AKS cluster and the applications that consume the microservices might reside within the same VNet, hence there is no reason to expose the cluster publicly as all API traffic will remain within the VNet. For these scenarios, you can deploy API Management into the cluster VNet. API Management Premium tier supports VNet deployment.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-kubernetes>

NEW QUESTION 46

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to deploy resources to host a stateless web app in an Azure subscription. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Provide access to the full .NET framework.
- Provide redundancy if an Azure region fails.
- Grant administrators access to the operating system to install custom application dependencies. Solution: You deploy a web app in an Isolated App Service plan. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead, you should deploy an Azure virtual machine to two Azure regions, and you create a Traffic Manager profile.

NEW QUESTION 50

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a Windows Virtual Desktop tenant.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the following requirements:

- Start and stop Windows Virtual Desktop session hosts based on business hours.
- Scale out Windows Virtual Desktop session hosts when required.
- Minimize compute costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft Intune
- B. a Windows Virtual Desktop automation task
- C. Azure Automation
- D. Azure Service Health

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.ciraltos.com/automatically-start-and-stop-wvd-vms-with-azure-automation/> <https://wvdlogix.net/windows-virtual-desktop-host-pool-automation-2>
<https://getnerdio.com/academy/how-to-optimize-windows-virtual-desktop-wvd-azure-costs-with-event-based-au>

NEW QUESTION 54

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to store data in Azure Blob storage for many years. The stored data will be accessed rarely.

You need to ensure that the data in Blob storage is always available for immediate access. The solution must minimize storage costs.

Which storage tier should you use?

- A. Cool
- B. Archive
- C. Hot

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure cool tier is equivalent to the Amazon S3 Infrequent Access (S3-IA) storage in AWS that provides a low cost high performance storage for infrequently access data.

Note: Azure's cool storage tier, also known as Azure cool Blob storage, is for infrequently-accessed data that needs to be stored for a minimum of 30 days.

Typical use cases include backing up data before tiering to archival systems, legal data, media files, system audit information, datasets used for big data analysis and more.

The storage cost for this Azure cold storage tier is lower than that of hot storage tier. Since it is expected that the data stored in this tier will be accessed less frequently, the data access charges are high when compared to hot tier. There are no additional changes required in your applications as these tiers can be accessed using APIs in the same manner that you access Azure storage.

References:

<https://cloud.netapp.com/blog/low-cost-storage-options-on-azure>

NEW QUESTION 56

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a SQL database solution. The solution will include 20 databases that will be 20 GB each and have varying usage patterns. You need to recommend a database platform to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The compute resources allocated to the databases must scale dynamically.
- The solution must meet an SLA of 99.99% uptime.
- The solution must have reserved capacity.
- Compute charges must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine

- B. 20 instances of Azure SQL Database serverless
- C. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine in an availability set
- D. an elastic pool that contains 20 Azure SQL databases

Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure SQL Database elastic pools are a simple, cost-effective solution for managing and scaling multiple databases that have varying and unpredictable usage demands. The databases in an elastic pool are on a single server and share a set number of resources at a set price. Elastic pools in Azure SQL Database enable SaaS developers to optimize the price performance for a group of databases within a prescribed budget while delivering performance elasticity for each database. Guaranteed 99.995 percent uptime for SQL Database Reference:

- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/elastic-pool-overview>
- <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/sql-database/elastic/>
- <https://www.azure.cn/en-us/support/sla/virtual-machines/>
- <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql/optimize-price-performance-with-compute-auto-scaling-in-az>

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy a network-intensive application to several Azure virtual machines. You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- > Minimizes the use of the virtual machine processors to transfer data
- > Minimizes network latency

Which virtual machine size and feature should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Virtual machine size:

Compute optimized Standard_F8s
General purpose Standard_B8ms
High performance compute Standard_H16r
Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3

Feature:

Receive side scaling (RSS)
Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)
Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)
Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

References:

- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sizes-hpc#h-series>

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure web app.

You plan to deploy the web app to the North Europe Azure region and the West Europe Azure region. You need to recommend a solution for the web app. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Users must always access the web app from the North Europe region, unless the region fails.
- > The web app must be available to users if an Azure region is unavailable.
- > Deployment costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Request routing method:

- A Traffic Manager profile
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Load Balancer

Request routing configuration:

- Cookie-based session affinity
- Performance traffic routing
- Priority traffic routing
- Weighted traffic routing

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing>

NEW QUESTION 62

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SrorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

You plan to implement two new apps that have the requirements shown in the following table.

Name	Requirement
App1	Use lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers
App2	Store app data in an Azure file share

Which storage accounts should you recommend using for each app? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

App1:

- Storage1 and storage2 only
- Storage1 and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

App2:

- Storage4 only
- Storage1 and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

- A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview> <https://www.edureka.co/community/40011/different-storage-accounts-there-major-difference-between> <https://insidemstech.com/tag/general-purpose-v2/>

In conclusion the correct answers are: Box1 --> Storage1 and Storage3 only Box2 --> Storage1 and Storage4 only
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-create-file-share?tabs=azure-portal#basics>

NEW QUESTION 64

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to deploy an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) solution that will use Windows Server 2019 nodes. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize the time it takes to provision compute resources during scale-out operations.
- Support autoscaling of Windows Server containers. Which scaling option should you recommend?

- A. horizontal pod autoscaler
- B. Kubernetes version 1.20.2 or newer
- C. cluster autoscaler
- D. Virtual nodes
- E. with Virtual Kubelet ACI

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/cluster-autoscaler#about-the-cluster-autoscaler>

NEW QUESTION 67

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have to design a Data Engineering solution for your company. The company currently has an Azure subscription. They also have application data hosted in a database on a Microsoft SQL Server hosted in their on-premises data center server. They want to implement the following requirements Transfer transactional data from the on-premises SQL server onto a data warehouse in Azure. Data needs to be transferred every day in the night as a scheduled job

A managed Spark cluster needs to be in place for data engineers to perform analysis on the data stored in the SQL data warehouse. Here the data engineers should have the ability to develop notebooks in Scale, R and Python.

They also need to have a data lake store in place for the ingestion of data from multiple data sources Which of the following would the use for hosting the data warehouse in Azure?

- A. Azure Data Factory
- B. Azure Databricks
- C. Azure Data Lake Gen2 Storage accounts
- D. Azure Synapse Analytics

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that syncs with an on-premises Active Directory domain.

You have an internal web app named WebApp1 that is hosted on-premises. WebApp1 uses Integrated Windows authentication.

Some users work remotely and do NOT have VPN access to the on-premises network.

You need to provide the remote users with single sign-on (SSO) access to WebApp1.

Which two features should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure AD Application Proxy
- B. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)
- C. Conditional Access policies
- D. Azure Arc
- E. Azure AD enterprise applications
- F. Azure Application Gateway

Answer: AC

Explanation:

A: Application Proxy is a feature of Azure AD that enables users to access on-premises web applications from a remote client. Application Proxy includes both the Application Proxy service which runs in the cloud, and the Application Proxy connector which runs on an on-premises server.

You can configure single sign-on to an Application Proxy application.

C: Microsoft recommends using Application Proxy with pre-authentication and Conditional Access policies for remote access from the internet. An approach to provide Conditional Access for intranet use is to

modernize applications so they can directly authenticate with AAD. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-config-sso-how-to> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-deployment-plan>

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have .Net web service named service1 that has the following requirements.

- Must read and write to the local file system.
- Must write to the Windows Application event log.

You need to recommend a solution to host Service1 in Azure . The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Minimize maintenance overhead.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure App Service web app
- B. an Azure virtual machine scale set
- C. an App Service Environment (ASE)
- D. an Azure Functions app

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://social.msdn.microsoft.com/Forums/vstudio/en-US/294b9e3e-e89c-4095-b8d0-ee1646e77268/writing-to-l>

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

You plan to use Azure Monitor to monitor user sign-ins and generate alerts based on specific user sign-in events.

You need to recommend a solution to trigger the alerts based on the events.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Send Azure AD logs to:

<input type="checkbox"/>	An Azure event hub
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	An Azure Log Analytics workspace
<input type="checkbox"/>	An Azure Storage account

Signal type to use for triggering the alerts:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Activity log
<input type="checkbox"/>	Log
<input type="checkbox"/>	Metric

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: An Azure Log Analytics workspace

To be able to create an alert we send the Azure AD logs to An Azure Log Analytics workspace.

Note: You can forward your AAD logs and events to either an Azure Storage Account, an Azure Event Hub, Log Analytics, or a combination of all of these.

Box 2: Log

Ensure Resource Type is an analytics source like Log Analytics or Application Insights and signal type as Log.

Reference:

<https://4sysops.com/archives/how-to-create-an-azure-ad-admin-login-alert/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/alerts-log>

NEW QUESTION 79

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage account that contains two 1-GB data files named File1 and File2. The data files are set to use the archive access tier.

You need to ensure that File1 is accessible immediately when a retrieval request is initiated. Solution: For File1, you set Access tier to Cool.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

The data in the cool tier is "considered / intended to be stored for 30 days". But this is not a must. You can store data indefinitely in the cool tier. The mentioned reference (see below) even gives an example of large scientific or otherwise large data which is stored for long duration in the cool tier.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers?tabs=azure-portal>

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a microservices architecture that will support a web application. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Allow independent upgrades to each microservice

- > Deploy the solution on-premises and to Azure
 - > Set policies for performing automatic repairs to the microservices
 - > Support low-latency and hyper-scale operations
- You need to recommend a technology. What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Service Fabric
- B. Azure Container Service
- C. Azure Container Instance
- D. Azure Virtual Machine Scale Set

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-fabric/service-fabric-overview>

NEW QUESTION 83

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an order processing system in Azure that will contain the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Purpose
App1	Web app	Processes customer orders
Function1	Function	Check product availability at vendor 1
Function2	Function	Check product availability at vendor 2
storage1	Storage account	Stores order processing logs

The order processing system will have the following transaction flow:

- > A customer will place an order by using App1.
- > When the order is received, App1 will generate a message to check for product availability at vendor 1 and vendor 2.
- > An integration component will process the message, and then trigger either Function1 or Function2 depending on the type of order.
- > Once a vendor confirms the product availability, a status message for App1 will be generated by Function1 or Function2.
- > All the steps of the transaction will be logged to storage1.

Which type of resource should you recommend for the integration component? D18912E1457D5D1DDCB40AB3BF70D5D

Which type of resource should you recommend for the integration component?

- A. an Azure Data Factory pipeline
- B. an Azure Service Bus queue
- C. an Azure Event Grid domain
- D. an Azure Event Hubs capture

Answer: A

Explanation:

A data factory can have one or more pipelines. A pipeline is a logical grouping of activities that together perform a task.

The activities in a pipeline define actions to perform on your data.

Data Factory has three groupings of activities: data movement activities, data transformation activities, and control activities.

Azure Functions is now integrated with Azure Data Factory, allowing you to run an Azure function as a step in your data factory pipelines.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/concepts-pipelines-activities>

NEW QUESTION 86

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to automate the deployment of resources to Azure subscriptions.

What is a difference between using Azure Blueprints and Azure Resource Manager templates?

- A. Azure Resource Manager templates remain connected to the deployed resources.
- B. Only Azure Resource Manager templates can contain policy definitions.
- C. Azure Blueprints remain connected to the deployed resources.
- D. Only Azure Blueprints can contain policy definitions.

Answer: C

Explanation:

With Azure Blueprints, the relationship between the blueprint definition (what should be deployed) and the blueprint assignment (what was deployed) is preserved.

This connection supports improved tracking and auditing of deployments. Azure Blueprints can also upgrade several subscriptions at once that are governed by the same blueprint.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/26851/how-is-azure-blue-prints-different-from-resource-m.h>

NEW QUESTION 88

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy multiple instances of an Azure web app across several Azure regions.

You need to design an access solution for the app. The solution must meet the following replication requirements:

- Support rate limiting
 - Balance requests between all instances.
 - Ensure that users can access the app in the event of a regional outage
- Solution: You use Azure Load Balancer to provide access to the app. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 91

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises database that you plan to migrate to Azure.

You need to design the database architecture to meet the following requirements:

- > Support scaling up and down.
- > Support geo-redundant backups.
- > Support a database of up to 75 TB.
- > Be optimized for online transaction processing (OLTP).

What should you include in the design? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Service:

	▼
Azure SQL Database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
Azure Synapse Analytics	
SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines	

Service tier:

	▼
Basic	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	
Hyperscale	
Premium	
Standard	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Azure SQL Database Azure SQL Database:

Database size always depends on the underlying service tiers (e.g. Basic, Business Critical, Hyperscale). It supports databases of up to 100 TB with Hyperscale service tier model.

Active geo-replication is a feature that lets you to create a continuously synchronized readable secondary database for a primary database. The readable secondary database may be in the same Azure region as the primary, or, more commonly, in a different region. This kind of readable secondary databases are also known as geo-secondaries, or geo-replicas.

Azure SQL Database and SQL Managed Instance enable you to dynamically add more resources to your database with minimal downtime.

Box 2: Hyperscale Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/active-geo-replication-overview> <https://medium.com/awesome-azure/azure-difference-between-azure-sql-database-and-sql-server-on-vm-compar>

NEW QUESTION 95

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design an architecture to capture the creation of users and the assignment of roles. The captured data must be stored in Azure Cosmos DB.

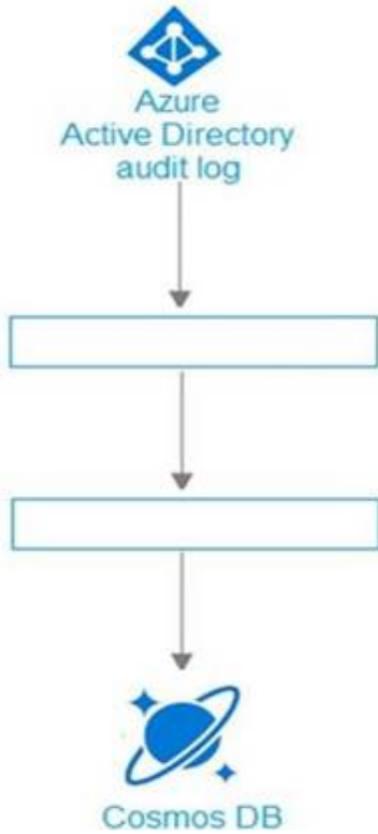
Which Azure services should you include in the design? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct targets. Each service may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Azure Services

Answer Area

- Azure Event Grid
- Azure Event Hubs
- Azure Functions
- Azure Log Analytics
- Azure Notification Hubs



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Diagram Description automatically generated

* 1. AAD audit log -> Event Hub (other two choices, LAW, storage, but not available in this question) <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/reports-monitoring/tutorial-azure-monitor-stream-logs-t>

* 2. Azure function has the Event hub trigger and Cosmos output binding

* a. Event Hub trigger for function

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-bindings-event-hubs-trigger?tabs=csharp>

NEW QUESTION 96

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using an Azure policy initiative to enforce the location. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

NEW QUESTION 99

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure web app.

You plan to deploy the web app to the North Europe Azure region and the West Europe Azure region. You need to recommend a solution for the web app. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Users must always access the web app from the North Europe region, unless the region fails.
- > The web app must be available to users if an Azure region is unavailable.
- > Deployment costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Request routing method:

Request routing configuration:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing>

NEW QUESTION 102

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine. The databases are written to nightly as part of a batch process. You need to recommend a disaster recovery solution for the data. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Provide the ability to recover in the event of a regional outage.
- > Support a recovery time objective (RTO) of 15 minutes.
- > Support a recovery point objective (RPO) of 24 hours.
- > Support automated recovery.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure virtual machine availability sets
- B. Azure Disk Backup
- C. an Always On availability group
- D. Azure Site Recovery

Answer: D

Explanation:

Replication with Azure Site Recover:

- > RTO is typically less than 15 minutes.
- > RPO: One hour for application consistency and five minutes for crash consistency. Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/site-recovery-sql>

NEW QUESTION 103

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains two applications named App1 and App2. App1 is a sales processing application. When a transaction in App1 requires shipping, a message is added to an Azure Storage account queue, and then App2 listens to the queue for relevant transactions.

In the future, additional applications will be added that will process some of the shipping requests based on the specific details of the transactions.

You need to recommend a replacement for the storage account queue to ensure that each additional application will be able to read the relevant transactions. What should you recommend?

- A. one Azure Service Bus queue
- B. one Azure Service Bus topic
- C. one Azure Data Factory pipeline
- D. multiple storage account queues

Answer: B

Explanation:

A queue allows processing of a message by a single consumer. In contrast to queues, topics and subscriptions provide a one-to-many form of communication in a publish and subscribe pattern. It's useful for scaling to large numbers of recipients. Each published message is made available to each subscription registered with the topic. Publisher sends a message to a topic and one or more subscribers receive a copy of the message, depending on filter rules set on these subscriptions.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-queues-topics-subscriptions>

NEW QUESTION 106

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an app named App1 that uses two on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases named DB1 and DB2.

You plan to migrate DB1 and DB2 to Azure.

You need to recommend an Azure solution to host DB1 and DB2. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Support server-side transactions across DB1 and DB2.
- Minimize administrative effort to update the solution. What should you recommend?

- A. two SQL Server databases on an Azure virtual machine
- B. two Azure SQL databases on different Azure SQL Database servers
- C. two Azure SQL databases in an elastic pool
- D. two Azure SQL databases on the same Azure SQL Database managed instance

Answer: A

Explanation:

When both the database management system and client are under the same ownership (e.g. when SQL Server is deployed to a virtual machine), transactions are available and the lock duration can be controlled. Reference: <https://docs.particular.net/nservicebus/azure/understanding-transactionality-in-azure>

NEW QUESTION 109

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a highly available Azure SQL database that meets the following requirements:

- > Failover between replicas of the database must occur without any data loss.
- > The database must remain available in the event of a zone outage.
- > Costs must be minimized

Which deployment option should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database Standard
- B. Azure SQL Database Serverless
- C. Azure SQL Managed Instance General Purpose
- D. Azure SQL Database Premium

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Traffic Analytics solution in Azure Log Analytics to analyze the network traffic. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

NEW QUESTION 115

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises file server that stores 2 TB of data files.

You plan to move the data files to Azure Blob Storage In the West Europe Azure region,

You need to recommend a storage account type to store the data files and a replication solution for the storage account. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Be available if a single Azure datacenter fails.
- Support storage tiers.
- Minimize cost.

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Storage Account type:

- Premium block blobs
- Standard general-purpose v1
- Standard general-purpose v2

Redundancy:

- Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
- Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
- Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Account Type: StorageV2

Replication solution: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy#supported-azure-storage-services> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview#types-of-storage-accounts>

Data must be available if a single Azure datacenter fails. It means the storage account must support ZRS replication. Also, solution should support storage tiers. Only General-purpose V2 supports ZRS and storage tiers.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

NEW QUESTION 119

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements. Which of the endpoint should App1 use to obtain an access token?

- A. Microsoft identify platform
- B. Azure AD
- C. Azure instance Service (IMDS)
- D. Azure Service management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 122

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has an Azure Web App that runs via the Premium App Service Plan. A development team will be using the Azure Web App. You have to configure the Azure Web app so that it can fulfil the below requirements.

Provide the ability to switch the web app from the current version to a newer version

Provide developers with the ability to test newer versions of the application before the switch to the newer version occurs

Ensure that the application version can be rolled back Minimize downtime

Which of the following can be used for this requirement?

- A. Create a new App Service Plan
- B. Make use of deployment slots
- C. Map a custom domain
- D. Backup the Azure Web App

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 126

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a file server named Server1 that stores 500 GB of data. You need to use Azure Data Factory to copy the data from Server1 to Azure Storage.

You add a new data factory.

What should you do next? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

From Server1:

- Install an Azure File Sync agent
- Install a self-hosted integration runtime
- Install the File Server Resource Manager role service

From the data factory:

- Create a pipeline
- Create an import/export job
- Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime

- A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Install a self-hosted integration runtime

The Integration Runtime is a customer-managed data integration infrastructure used by Azure Data Factory to provide data integration capabilities across different network environments.

Box 2: Create a pipeline

With ADF, existing data processing services can be composed into data pipelines that are highly available and managed in the cloud. These data pipelines can be scheduled to ingest, prepare, transform, analyze, and publish data, and ADF manages and orchestrates the complex data and processing dependencies

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf>

NEW QUESTION 130

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys several Linux and Windows virtual machines (VMs) to Azure. The VMs are deployed with the Microsoft Dependency Agent and the Microsoft Monitoring Agent installed by using Azure VM extensions. On-premises connectivity has been enabled by using Azure ExpressRoute.

You need to design a solution to monitor the VMs.

Which Azure monitoring services should you use? To answer, select the appropriate Azure monitoring services in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

	▼
Azure Network Watcher	
Azure ExpressRoute Monitor	
Azure Service Endpoint Monitor	
Azure DNS Analytics	

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.

	▼
Azure Service Map	
Azure Activity Log	
Azure Service Health	
Azure Advisor	

A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Network Watcher

Traffic Analytics is a cloud-based solution that provides visibility into user and application activity in cloud networks. Traffic analytics analyzes Network Watcher network security group (NSG) flow logs to provide insights into traffic flow in your Azure cloud. With traffic analytics, you can:

- > Identify security threats to, and secure your network, with information such as open-ports, applications attempting internet access, and virtual machines (VM) connecting to rogue networks.
- > Visualize network activity across your Azure subscriptions and identify hot spots.
- > Understand traffic flow patterns across Azure regions and the internet to optimize your network deployment for performance and capacity.
- > Pinpoint network misconfigurations leading to failed connections in your network.

Box 2: Azure Service Map

Service Map automatically discovers application components on Windows and Linux systems and maps the communication between services. With Service Map, you can view your servers in the way that you think of them: as interconnected systems that deliver critical services. Service Map shows connections between servers, processes, inbound and outbound connection latency, and ports across any TCP-connected architecture, with no configuration required other than the installation of an agent.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

NEW QUESTION 134

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type
AS1	Azure Synapse Analytics instance
CDB1	Azure Cosmos DB SQL API account

CDB1 hosts a container that stores continuously updated operational data.

You are designing a solution that will use ASI to analyze the operational data daily.

You need to recommend a solution to analyze the data without affecting the performance of the operational data store.

What should you include in the recommendation?

A. Azure Cosmos DB change feed
 B. Azure Data Factory with Azure Cosmos DB and Azure Synapse Analytics connectors

- C. Azure Synapse Analytics with PolyBase data loading
- D. Azure Synapse Link for Azure Cosmos DB

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 135

- (Exam Topic 4)

A company has an on-premises file server cbflserver that runs Windows Server 2019. Windows Admin Center manages this server. The company owns an Azure subscription. You need to provide an Azure solution to prevent data loss if the file server fails.

Solution: You decide to create an Azure Recovery Services vault. You then decide to install the Azure Backup agent and then schedule the backup. Would this meet the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 137

- (Exam Topic 4)

What two parameters would you recommend set up to ensure that the new IPSCustomers database will scale to meet the workload demands?

- A. Define the maximum of CPU cores
- B. Define the maximum resource limit per group of databases
- C. Define the maximum of Database Transaction Units
- D. Define the maximum of the allocated storage
- E. Define the maximum size for a database

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 140

- (Exam Topic 4)

A company has an on-premises file server cbflserver that runs Windows Server 2019. Windows Admin Center manages this server. The company owns an Azure subscription. You need to provide an Azure solution to prevent data loss if the file server fails.

Solution: You decide to register Windows Admin Center in Azure and then configure Azure Backup. Would this meet the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 145

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend a solution that meets the file storage requirements for App2.

What should you deploy to the Azure subscription and the on-premises network? To answer, drag the appropriate services to the correct locations. Each service may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Services	Answer Area
Azure Blob Storage	Azure subscription: Service
Azure Data Box	On-premises network: Service
Azure Data Box Gateway	
Azure Data Lake Storage	
Azure File Sync	
Azure Files	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Files

Scenario: App2 has the following file storage requirements:

- > Save files to an Azure Storage account.
- > Replicate files to an on-premises location.
- > Ensure that on-premises clients can read the files over the LAN by using the SMB protocol.

Box 2: Azure File Sync

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share. You can use any protocol that's available on Windows Server to access your data locally, including SMB, NFS, and FTPS. You can have as many caches as you need across the world.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/file-sync/file-sync-deployment-guide>

NEW QUESTION 149

- (Exam Topic 2)

- A. Move all the domain controllers from corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- B. Deploy domain controllers for corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- C. Deploy a new Azure AD tenant for the authentication of new R&D projects.
- D. Deploy domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest to virtual networks in Azure.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the on-premises network. (This requires domain controllers in Azure)

Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails. (This requires domain controllers on-premises)

NEW QUESTION 150

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate DB1 and DB2 to Azure.

You need to ensure that the Azure database and the service tier meet the resiliency and business requirements. What should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Database:

- A single Azure SQL database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier:

- Hyperscale
- Business Critical
- General Purpose

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Database:

- A single Azure SQL database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier:

- Hyperscale
- Business Critical
- General Purpose

NEW QUESTION 155

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a strategy for migrating the database content of WebApp1 to Azure. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Use Azure Site Recovery to replicate the SQL servers to Azure.
- B. Use SQL Server transactional replication.
- C. Copy the BACPAC file that contains the Azure SQL database file to Azure Blob storage.
- D. Copy the VHD that contains the Azure SQL database files to Azure Blob storage

Answer: D

Explanation:

Before you upload a Windows virtual machine (VM) from on-premises to Azure, you must prepare the virtual hard disk (VHD or VHDX).
 Scenario: WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.
 Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image>

NEW QUESTION 159

- (Exam Topic 2)

You are evaluating the components of the migration to Azure that require you to provision an Azure Storage account.
 For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 161

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to implement the Azure RBAC role assignments for the Network Contributor role. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements.
 What is the minimum number of assignments that you must use?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 5
- D. 10
- E. 15

Answer: A

Explanation:

Scenario: The Network Contributor built-in RBAC role must be used to grant permissions to the network administrators for all the virtual networks in all the Azure subscriptions.
 RBAC roles must be applied at the highest level possible.

NEW QUESTION 165

- (Exam Topic 1)

You plan to migrate App1 to Azure.
 You need to recommend a network connectivity solution for the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements.
 What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a private endpoint
- B. a service endpoint that has a service endpoint policy
- C. Azure public peering for an ExpressRoute circuit
- D. Microsoft peering for an ExpressRoute circuit

Answer: A

Explanation:

Private Endpoint securely connect to storage accounts from on-premises networks that connect to the VNet using VPN or ExpressRoutes with private-peering.

Private Endpoint also secure your storage account by configuring the storage firewall to block all connections on the public endpoint for the storage service.
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-faqs#microsoft-peering>

NEW QUESTION 169

- (Exam Topic 1)

How should the migrated databases DB1 and DB2 be implemented in Azure?

Database:

	▼
A single Azure SQL database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
An Azure SQL Database elastic pool	

Service tier:

	▼
Hyperscale	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Table Description automatically generated

Box 1: SQL Managed Instance

Scenario: Once migrated to Azure, DB1 and DB2 must meet the following requirements:

- > Maintain availability if two availability zones in the local Azure region fail.
- > Fail over automatically.
- > Minimize I/O latency.

The auto-failover groups feature allows you to manage the replication and failover of a group of databases on a server or all databases in a managed instance to another region. It is a declarative abstraction on top of the existing active geo-replication feature, designed to simplify deployment and management of geo-replicated databases at scale. You can initiate a geo-failover manually or you can delegate it to the Azure service based on a user-defined policy. The latter option allows you to automatically recover multiple related databases in a secondary region after a catastrophic failure or other unplanned event that results in full or partial loss of the SQL Database or SQL Managed Instance availability in the primary region.

Box 2: Business critical

SQL Managed Instance is available in two service tiers:

General purpose: Designed for applications with typical performance and I/O latency requirements. Business critical: Designed for applications with low I/O latency requirements and minimal impact of underlying maintenance operations on the workload.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/auto-failover-group-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/sql-managed-instance-paas-overview>

NEW QUESTION 174

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