

VMware

Exam Questions 3V0-42.20

Advanced Design VMware NSX-T Data Center



NEW QUESTION 1

What is a design justification for a solution with 3 NSX Manager nodes deployed in a 4 ESXi cluster Management Cluster? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. NSX Controllers are separated from NSX Managers allowing 6 ESXi servers to host them.
- B. NSX Management Plane and Control Plane will be reduced to a single point of failure.
- C. Compute consumption guarantees NSX Manager nodes can be run on the same ESXi host.
- D. Single point of failure on Control Plane and Management Plane will be mitigated.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. Which risk is documented by an architect? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. The security team has a firewall communication matrix documented.
- B. The team is not trained for NSX-T but have a very strong experience with vSphere.
- C. Open communication between different application tiers is not allowed.
- D. Aggregate N-S throughput at any given time should be at least 10G.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

Which three choices are part of a Design Approach when discussing design alternatives and their effects? (Choose three.)

- A. backup
- B. budget
- C. cost
- D. performance
- E. knowledge
- F. security

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 4

An architect is designing a solution for containerization. The solution will include high availability and security using NSX-T Data Center. The architect plans to provide a basic required components list in the Logical Design.

Which solution should the architect recommend? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. 3 NSX Managers, 3 virtual NSX Edges, two Tier-0 gateways in Active/Standby, BGP configuration
- B. 2 NSX Managers, 2 virtual NSX Edges, one Tier-0 gateway, BGP configuration and a static route
- C. 3 NSX Managers, 3 virtual NSX Edges, one Tier-0 gateway and a static route and OSPF
- D. 1 NSX Manager, 2 virtual NSX Edges, two Tier-0 gateways in Active/Active, BGP configuration

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5

Which NSX-T feature is used to allocate the network bandwidth to business-critical applications and to resolve situations where several types of traffic compete for common resources? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Network I/O Control Profiles
- B. LLDP Profile
- C. LAG Uplink Profile
- D. Transport Node Profiles

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during a workshop:

- > The company will use a Leaf and Spine physical network architecture with Layer 3 gateways for top of rack switches.
- > The company is planning to deploy 120 ESX hosts across 10 racks.
- > There will be a total of a 12 clusters where each cluster has one host per rack.

What should the architect recommend to allow applications to run on any host in the cluster? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Deploy all application networks on NSX segments.
- B. Deploy an L2 VPN to allow the networks to extend to each host.
- C. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway per Rack and configure BGP between racks.
- D. Deploy a Tier-1 gateway per Rack and configure BGP between racks.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7

An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution.

This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:

- > NSX-T will span across two sites for disaster recovery.

- > Public Load Balancer VIP should be accessible from a secondary site.
- > Distributed Firewall Policies should be available at a secondary site.
- > Routing capabilities should be maintained after failure.
- > NAT capabilities are required.

Which two selections should the architect include in their design? (Choose two.)

- A. Use of the same ISPs across sites.
- B. Use two separate ISPs across sites.
- C. Use MTU to 1550 between sites.
- D. Set MTU to 1550 between sites.
- E. Use IP sets or groups to configure DFW rules.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 8

An NSX-T architect is working with a customer who wants to improve performance and future-proof their workloads with a multi-site architecture. A current-state analysis captured this information:

- > Latency between sites is 160ms.
- > Bandwidth is 2Gbps.
- > The MTU is 1600.

What two VMware design recommendations should the architect recommend to the organization to achieve future-proofing? (Choose two.)

- A. MTU is recommended to be 9000.
- B. MTU must be at least 1700.
- C. Bandwidth must be at least 10Gbps.
- D. Latency RTT is acceptable.
- E. Latency must be less than 150ms.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 9

An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of a Layer 2 bridging solution. This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:

- > Workloads are running on ESXi hosts.
- > Workloads are running on KVM hosts.
- > Workloads on hypervisors should use bridging services.
- > VLAN 50 is used for Tier-0 uplink connectivity.

Which selection should the architect include in their design? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Create an NSX Edge Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 60.
- B. Create an NSX Edge Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 50.
- C. Create an ESXi Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 50.
- D. Create an ESXi Bridge Cluster and configure the bridging profile with VLAN 60.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:

- > There is a critical application used by the Finance Team.
- > The critical application has an availability and recoverability SLA of 99.999%.
- > The critical application is sensitive to network changes.

Which two selections should an architect include in their design? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure Tier-0 gateway for eBGP and ECMP.
- B. Configure Tier-1 gateway for eBGP and ECMP.
- C. Enable BFD on Tier-0 gateway.
- D. Install and configure hosts with 100Gbps physical NICs.
- E. Configure multiple static routes on Tier-1 gateway.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 10

A Solutions Architect is designing an environment with 1,200 services being offered through the NSX-T Data Center Load Balancer.

Which three selections are necessary to meet the minimum requirements to support the solution? (Choose three.)

- A. Extra Large Load Balancer
- B. Tier 1 Gateway
- C. Tier 0 Gateway
- D. Large Edge Node
- E. Extra Large Edge Node
- F. Large Load Balancer

Answer: BDF

NEW QUESTION 13

An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:

- > There isn't much budget available for a new off shore site.

- > The new site is decentralized and no communication with the main data center is required.
- > The design will need to cater for availability, upgrades, and failure scenarios.
- > N+1 must be maintained at all times.

Which three selections should the architect recommend in their design? (Choose three.)

- A. Separate the hosts physical NICs for VSS and N-VDS.
- B. Make all pNICs part of N-VDS and VMKs will be migrated.
- C. Collapse the Management/Edge/Compute cluster.
- D. Install a minimum 4 ESXi hosts in the site.
- E. A Shared Edge/Management cluster and one for Compute.
- F. Install a minimum of 3 ESXi hosts in the site.

Answer: ABC

NEW QUESTION 18

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during a workshop about ESXi Host networking:

- > A total of 50 ESXi hosts to be configured as Transport Nodes.
- > All ESXi hosts have a dedicated 2 ?? Intel 10Gbps Physical Network adapter for the Overlay Traffic. To achieve low latency, high throughput, redundancy, and performance, which two NIC teaming policies should the architect recommend? (Choose two.)

- A. Load Balance Source MAC
- B. Load Balance Port ID
- C. Load Balance Source
- D. Load Balance Source Port ID
- E. Failover Order

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 20

An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. Which two statements should the architect consider as non-technical requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Any solution should add more value to current and future customers engagements.
- B. The design should offer agility and freedom for application phases.
- C. All application servers have hardcoded IP addresses.
- D. Current business continuity and disaster recovery plans are based on tape technology.
- E. Different vendors are used for the storage solution.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 22

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during a workshop:

- > There are six hosts and hardware has already been purchased.
- > Customer is planning a collapsed Management/Edge/Compute cluster.
- > Each host has two 10Gb NICs connected to a pair of switches.
- > There should be no single point of failure in any proposed design.

Which virtual switch design should the architect recommend to the organization? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Create a vSphere Distributed Switch (vDS) for Management VMkernel traffic and assign one NI
- B. Also, create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for overlay traffic and assign one NIC.
- C. Create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for Management VMkernel traffic and assign one NI
- D. Also, create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for overlay traffic and assign one NIC.
- E. Create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for Management VMKernel and overlay traffic and assign both NICs.
- F. Create an NSX-T Virtual Distributed Switch (N-VDS) for Management VMkernel and overlay traffic and assign a new virtual NIC.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 26

Which two resources can be used by an NSX architect during the Assessment Phase? (Choose two.)

- A. vRealize Network Insight
- B. VMware Validated Design
- C. VMware customer references
- D. key stakeholder interviews
- E. application licensing

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 30

Which selection is associated with the Review Task of the Engagement Lifecycle? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Gather and document requirements, assumptions, and constraints.
- B. Build, deploy, implement, and test the design.
- C. Measure performance against customer??s objective.
- D. Create and document the logical and physical design.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 35

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during a workshop:

- > Any proposed solution must provide low latency.
- > Any proposed solution must provide high throughput.
- > Customer is running stock trading applications.

Which two selections should the architect recommend to meet high-performance workload requirements?
 (Choose two.)

- A. Leverage ESXi as the compute host.
- B. Use LACP for all uplink profiles.
- C. Leverage KVM as the compute host.
- D. Enable enhanced data path mode on the N-VDS.
- E. Enable latency sensitivity mode on the N-VDS.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 36

An administrator is asked to improve Recovery Point Objective (RPO) and Recovery Time Objective (RTO) for Disaster Recovery (DR) in their company network. The network has a primary site and a secondary site. The ability to support outages with minimum loss of connectivity to the company's core application is a priority.

Which design should the administrator recommend? (Choose the best answer.)

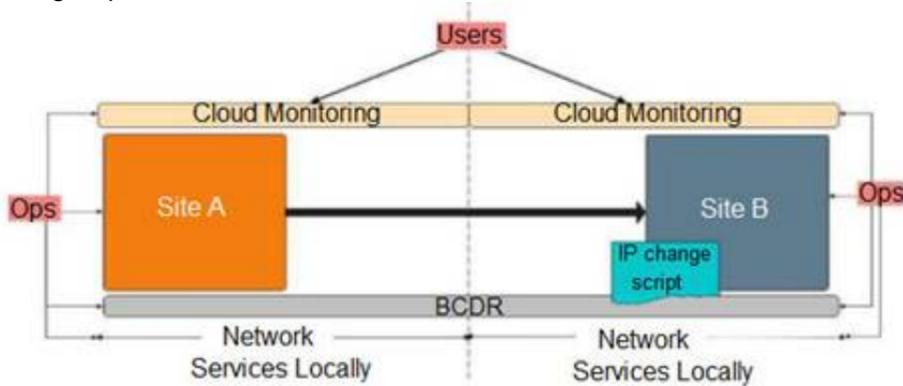
- A. NSX-T Data Center using an Orchestrator to recover VMs across sites.
- B. NSX-T Data Center using Federation and dependencies set between primary and secondary sites.
- C. NSX-T Data Center using a registered third-party DR solution.
- D. NSX-T Data Center using built-in standard automation DR and secondary site recovery setup.

Answer: B

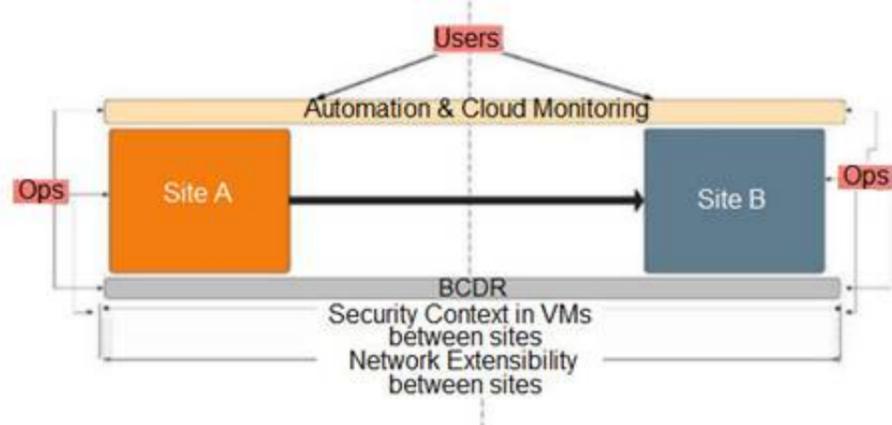
NEW QUESTION 38

Refer to the exhibits.

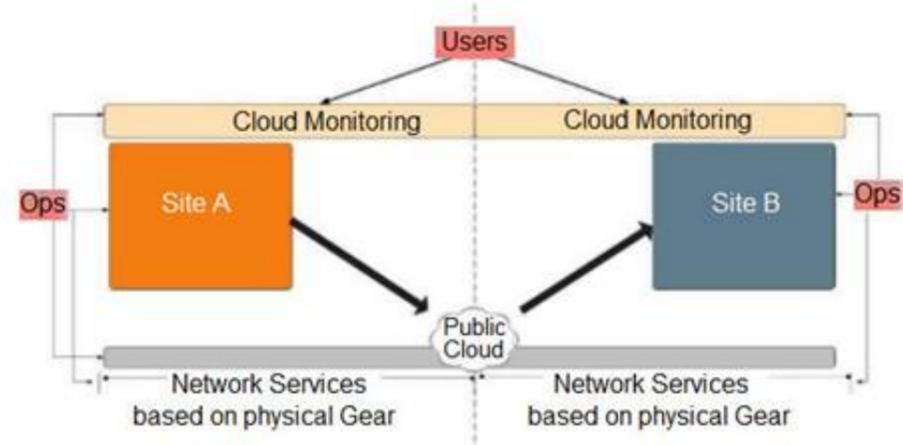
Design Option1:



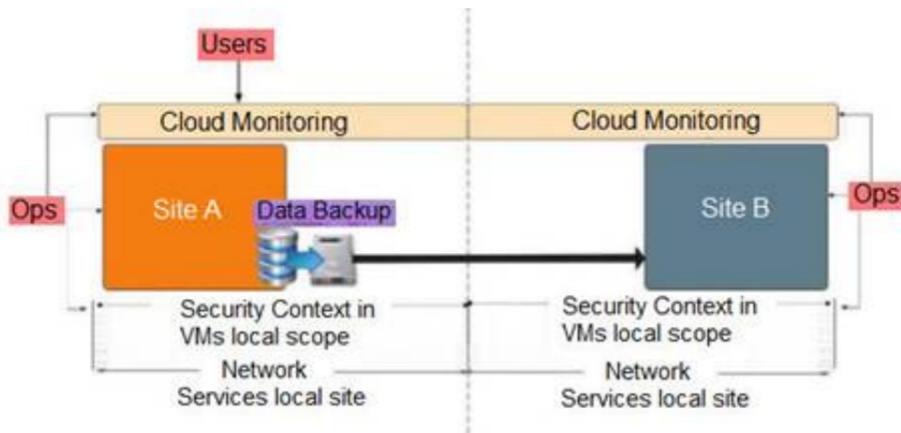
Design Option 2:



Design Option 3:



Design Option 4:



An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. The conceptual design includes these requirements, assumptions, constraints, and risks:

- > Critical applications must run across sites without changing IP address.
- > RTO/RPO must be reduced for recovery of applications on secondary site.
- > IT Teams require automation tools for configuration.

Which Conceptual Design would the architect recommend to the customer? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Design Option 4
- B. Design Option 2
- C. Design Option 1
- D. Design Option 3

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 40

An architect is helping an organization with the Logical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during the Assessment Phase:

- > Data between two networks connected over a public network needs to be encrypted.
- > Certificate authentication is required.
- > Dynamic route learning is preferred.

Which selection should the architect include in their design? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Standby mod
- B. Configure policy-based IPsec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.
- C. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Active mod
- D. Configure route-based IPsec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.
- E. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Standby mod
- F. Configure route-based IPsec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.
- G. Deploy a Tier-0 gateway in Active/Active mod
- H. Configure policy-based IPsec VPN with SHA512 with RSA as the hash algorithm.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 45

An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered by the architect during the Discover Task of the Engagement Lifecycle:

- > There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
- > Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.
- > Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
- > There is an existing management cluster to deploy the NSX-T components.
- > Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
- > There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.

Which two requirements were documented by the architect? (Choose two.)

- A. There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
- B. Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
- C. Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
- D. The storage array has enough capacity to deploy NSX components.
- E. Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 46

What selection is the key design benefit provided by a dedicated Edge Cluster VM or Bare Metal? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. reduced administrative overhead
- B. predictable network performance
- C. multiple Tier-0 gateways per Edge Node Cluster
- D. support for Edge Node Clusters with more than 10 Edge Nodes

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 48

An architect is helping an organization with the Physical Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered during a workshop:

- > Current hypervisor of choice is KVM.

> Cost reduction is important.

Which two selections should the architect recommend to the organization? (Choose two.)

- A. Deploy Edge VM Nodes using ISO.
- B. Deploy NSX Manager using OVF.
- C. Deploy NSX Manager using QCOW2.
- D. Deploy bare metal Edge Nodes.
- E. Deploy Edge VM Nodes on KVM.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 52

Which three IPv6 features are supported in an NSX-T Data Center design? (Choose three.)

- A. IPv6 OSPF
- B. IPv6 static routing
- C. IPv6 switch security
- D. IPv6 DNS
- E. IPv6 Distributed Firewall
- F. IPv6 VXLAN

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 53

Which three assessment findings are part of a Conceptual Design? (Choose three.)

- A. risks
- B. host names
- C. justifications
- D. constraints
- E. assumptions
- F. vendor model

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 55

Which type of design includes vendor models, host names, IP Addresses, port connections, logical unit number sizes, and number of CPUs? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Physical Design
- B. Conceptual Design
- C. High-Level Design
- D. Logical Design

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 58

An architect is helping an organization with the Conceptual Design of an NSX-T Data Center solution. This information was gathered by the architect during the Discover Task of the Engagement Lifecycle:

- > There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
- > Network administrators are not familiar with NSX-T Data Center solutions.
- > Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
- > There is an existing management cluster to deploy the NSX-T components.
- > Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
- > There is a storage array available to deploy NSX-T components.

Which constraint was documented by the architect? (Choose the best answer.)

- A. Dynamic routing should be configured between the physical and virtual network.
- B. There are applications which use IPv6 addressing.
- C. Hosts can only be configured with two physical NICs.
- D. There are enough CPU and memory resources in the existing management cluster.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 62

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